

SPECIFICATION 404

CULVERTS

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REVISION REGISTER			
Clause Number	Description of Revision	Authorised By	Issue Date
References 404.87.03	Added AP-R575-18 Added design procedure requirements for plastic flexible pipe and fitting products.	PDE	25/03/2020
404.02	Added reference to Specification 203 and National Code of Practice for the Safe Removal of Asbestos	SRE	21/10/2019
404.03	Added new definition for Asbestos Containing Material	SRE	21/10/2019
404.41	Added requirements relating to Asbestos Containing Material (ACM)	SRE	21/10/2019
Guidance Note 17	Additional Guidance Note relating to Specification 203 Occupational Safety and Health	SRE	21/10/2019
Whole document	Reformatted	SCO	19/04/2017
Annexure 404A & 404B	Table 404A2, 404B1 and reference to AS/NZS 4058 amended	SRE	06/04/2016
404.40.01	Missing Horizontal & Vertical Tolerances introduced	SRE	29/05/2013
Clause 404.87	Discontinuation of the use of Polypropylene Pipes	SRE	12/11/2012
Whole document	Reference to AS 1597 amended	SRE	24/07/2012
References	Changed WS SP43 to ATIC SP43 throughout document	SRE	28/07/2011
References 404.10	Added AS/NZS 2350 and WS SP43 Type GP Cement	SRE	29/05/2009
404B.04.02 & 404C.05.02 404B.04.03	Major amendments for compliance for cement used and registration requirements Reference to WS SP43		
Annexure 404D	Added Concrete Request for Registration form		
Whole document	Major amendments relate to approach for small box culverts installed in 'aggressive' ground environment. New plastic culverts added. Multiple minor amendments made throughout document	SRE	26/06/2008
404C.07.03, 404C.07.04	Change minimum clear cover description.	СМРМ	29/11/2006

CONTENTS

Clause

Page No

GENERA	L	6
404.01	Scope	6
404.02	References	6
404.03	Definitions	8
404.04 -	– 404.05 NOT USED	9
PRODUC	TS AND MATERIALS	9
404.06	Reinforced Concrete Pipes	9
404.07	Corrugated Metal Pipes	9
404.08	Reinforced Concrete Boxes 10	0
404.09	Reinforcement & In-Situ Concrete1	1
404.10	Cement Stabilised Backfill1	1
404.11	Select Bedding Material1	1
404.12	Joint Sealant1	1
404.13 -	– 404.30 NOT USED	1
INSTALL	ATION1'	1
404.31	General12	2
404.32	Trench Excavation	2
404.33	Blasting12	2
404.34	Protection of Foundation Surfaces12	2
404.35	Bedding12	2
404.36	Damage13	3
404.37	Backfill And Compaction1	3
404.38	Pavement Reinstatement1	5
404.39	Traffic1	5
404.40	Culverts1	5
404.41	Existing Culverts1	7
404.42	Damage to Existing Structures19	9
404.43	Pegging of Culverts	9
404.44	Trench Excavation for Culverts19	9
404.45	End Treatments	9
404.46	Formwork	0
404.47	Outlet Drains	0
404.48	Rock Protection	0
404.49	Drainage Structures	0
404.50	Stormwater Drains	0
404.51 -	– 404.80 NOT USED	1

AS-BUILT	AND HANDOVER REQUIREMENTS	
404.81	As-Built Information	21
404.82 -	404.90 NOT USED	21
CONTRAC	T SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS	
404.91 –	404.99 NOT USED	
	E 404A	
Construct	tion Requirements	
	E 404B	24
Precast F	Reinforced Concrete Pipes	24
GENERAL		
404B.01	Scope	
404B.02	Terminology and Standards	
PRODUCT	S AND MATERIALS	
404B.03	Pre-Cast Units	
404B.04	Reinforcement and Concrete	
404B.05	Joint Materials	
MANUFAC	TURE, HANDLING AND STORAGE	
404B.06	Cover to Reinforcement	
INSPECTIC	ON AND TESTING	
404B.07	Routine Testing	
404B.08	Defects	
404B.09	Non-Conformance	
ANNEXUR	E 404C	
Pre-Cast	Reinforced Concrete Box Culverts	
GENERAL		
404C.01	Scope	
404C.02	Terminology and Standards	
PRODUCT	S AND MATERIALS	
404C.03	Pre-Cast Units	
404C.04	Formwork	
404C.05	Reinforcement and Concrete	
MANUFAC	TURE, HANDLING AND STORAGE	
404C.06	Concrete	
404C.07	Reinforcement and Cover	
404C.08	Casting Methods	

404C.09	Handling of Pre-Cast Units	. 41
404C.10	Delivery and Storage	. 42
INSPECTIO	N AND TESTING	. 43
404C.11	Minimum Testing Frequency	. 43
404C.12	Defects	. 44
ANNEXURE Cementitie	ANNEXURE 404D	
Request f	or Registration by Manufacturer	. 46

SPECIFICATION 404

CULVERTS

GENERAL

404.01 SCOPE

 The work under this SPECIFICATION consists of the supply and installation of reinforced concrete pipes (RCPs) and reinforced concrete boxes (RCBs) culverts, corrugated steel pipe (CSP) and corrugated aluminium pipes (CAP) culverts, reinforced concrete end treatments for culverts and the supply and installation of RCP stormwater drains.

404.02 REFERENCES

1. Australian Standards, MAIN ROADS Western Australia Standards and MAIN ROADS Western Australia Test Methods are referred to in abbreviated form (e.g. AS 1234, MRS 67-08-43 or WA 123). For convenience, the full titles are given below:

Australian Standards

AS 1012	Methods of Testing Concrete
AS 1012.3	Methods of Testing Concrete Part 3- Methods for the Determination of Properties Related to the Consistency of Concrete
AS 1289.6.3.3	Methods of Testing Soils for Engineering Purposes – Soil Strength and Consolidation Tests – Determination of the Penetration Resistance of a Soil – Perth Sand Penetrometer Test
AS 1379	SPECIFICATION and Supply of Concrete
AS 1397	Steel Sheet and Strip – Hot Dipped Zinc Coated or Aluminium/Zinc Coated
AS 1478	Chemical Admixtures for Concrete, Mortar and Grout
AS 1597	Pre cast Reinforced Concrete Box Culverts
AS 1646	Elastomeric Seals for Waterworks Purposes
AS 1761	Helical Lock-Seam Corrugated Steel Pipes
AS 1762	Helical Lock-Seam Corrugated Steel Pipes – Design and Installation
AS 2758.1	Aggregates and Rock for Engineering Purposes Part 1 - Concrete Aggregates
AS 3582.1	Supplementary Cementitious Materials for use with Portland and Blended Cement – Fly Ash
AS 3600	Concrete Structures
AS 3610	Formwork for Concrete
AS 3972	Portland and Blended Cements

AS 5100.5	Brie	dge Design – Concrete		
Australian/New Zealand Standards				
AS/NZS 2041		Buried Corrugated Metal Structures		
AS/NZS 2350		Methods of Testing Portland and blended cements		
AS/NZS 2566	.1	Buried Flexible Pipelines – Structural Design		
AS/NZS 2566	.2	Buried Flexible Pipelines – Installation		
AS/NZS 3582	.3	Supplementary Cementitious Material for use with Portland and Blended Cement – Amorphous Silica		
AS/NZS 3725		Design for Installation of Buried Concrete Pipes		
AS/NZS 3750	.9	Paints for Steel Structures – Organic Zinc-Rich Primer		
AS/NZS 4058		Pre-cast Concrete Pipes (Pressure and Non- Pressure)		
AS/NZS 4130		Polyethylene (PE) Pipes for Pressure Applications		
AS/NZS 4671		Steel Reinforcing Materials		
AS/NZS 5065		Polyethylene and Polypropylene Pipes and Fittings for Drainage and Sewerage Applications		
Other Standa	rds			
AASHTO M19 / ASTM B745	6-92	Corrugated Aluminium Pipe for Sewers and Drains		
AASHTO M19 / ASTM B744	97-01	Aluminium Alloy Sheet for Corrugated Aluminium Pipe		
AASHTO M24 ASTM A742	6-05/	Steel Sheet, Metallic-Coated and Polymer Pre-coated, for Corrugated Steel Pipe		
ASTM C114		Standard Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Hydraulic Cement		
Report TR3		Cement and Concrete Association of New Zealand (Appendix C)		
ATIC SP43		Cementitious Materials for Concrete		
NOHSC:2002		National Code of Practice for the Safe Removal of Asbestos		
Austroads Research Report				
AP-R575-18		Design of Buried Flexible Pipes		
MAIN ROADS Test Methods				
WA 115.2	Partic Coars	le Size Distribution: Abbreviated Method for se Soils		
WA 133.1	Dry D Comp	ensity/Moisture Content Relationship: Modified baction – Fine and Medium Grained Soils		
WA 133.2	Dry D	ensity/Moisture Content Relationship:		

WA 910 1	Chlorides and Total Soluble Salts in Soil and Water
VA 910.1	Chiondes and Total Soluble Saits in Soli and Water

SPECIFICATION 201	QUALITY SYSTEMS
SPECIFICATION 203	OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH
SPECIFICATION 204	ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
SPECIFICATION 302	EARTHWORKS
SPECIFICATION 402	SURFACE DRAINS AND LEVEES
SPECIFICATION 405	DRAINAGE STRUCTURES
SPECIFICATION 406	ROCK PROTECTION
SPECIFICATION 410	LOW STRENGTH INFILL
SPECIFICATION 501	PAVEMENTS
SPECIFICATION 503	BITUMINOUS SURFACING
SPECIFICATION 504	ASPHALT SURFACING
SPECIFICATION 819	FALSEWORK
SPECIFICATION 820	CONCRETE FOR STRUCTURES
SPECIFICATION 821	FORMWORK
SPECIFICATION 822	STEEL REINFORCEMENT
SPECIFICATION 901	CONCRETE – GENERAL WORKS

404.03 DEFINITIONS

Link Slabs	. Where this SPECIFICATION refers to reinforced concrete box culverts they also include reinforced concrete link slabs.	1.
End Treatments	. Culvert end treatments shall include endwalls or headwalls, wingwalls, cut- off walls and aprons.	2.
Stormwater Drains	. Stormwater drains consist of reinforced concrete pipes connecting drainage structures such as inlets, manholes and catchpits as shown on the Drawings.	3.
RCP Stormwater Drains	 Unless otherwise stated, Clauses within this SPECIFICATION, that reference RCP culverts are also applicable to RCPs installed to carry stormwater from drainage structures. 	4.
Aggressive Ground Conditions	. Where this SPECIFICATION refers to 'Aggressive' ground conditions, as defined in Annexure 404A, it includes environmental conditions where additional protective measures to culverts are required in accordance with Table 404A2.	5.
Culway	. 'Culway' installations refer to culverts associated with traffic monitoring equipment.	6.

7.	Asbestos Containing Material (ACM) has the same meaning as detailed in the National Code of Practice for the Safe Removal of Asbestos	Asbestos Containing Matarial
404	1.04 – 404.05 NOT USED	Material
	PRODUCTS AND MATERIALS	
404	1.06 REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPES	
1.	Concrete pipes for culverts shall be pre-cast reinforced concrete pipes (RCPs) to the Classes shown on the Drawings.	RCPs
2.	Concrete pipes shall be manufactured, tested and inspected in accordance with the requirements of Annexure 404B.	Manufacture
3.	Concrete pipe shall be manufactured to suit the in-situ ground conditions as specified in Annexure 404A – Table 404A1, in accordance with the requirements of Table 404A2.	
4.	Joint types shall be as specified in Annexure 404A.	Joint Types
5.	Rubber ring joints shall be provided for all spigot and socket pipes, unless otherwise shown on the Drawings.	Rubber Ring Joints
6.	Rubber ring gaskets required for jointing spigot and socket concrete pipes shall conform to the requirements of AS 1646.	Rubber Ring Gaskets
404	1.07 CORRUGATED METAL PIPES	
404	1.07.01 GENERAL	
1.	Corrugated metal pipes with diameter greater than 750mm, or individual units that are to be joined to form a single barrel, shall be supplied with a unique identifying number for post installation shape measurement and reassembly purposes where applicable.	
2.	Corrugated metal pipes with diameter greater than 750mm shall be supplied with indelible markings defining the internal diameter vertically (through the obvert and invert) and horizontally at intervals as specified in SPECIFICATION 201 QUALITY SYSTEMS. The manufacturer shall provide internal measurements taken at each set of indelible markings to an accuracy of \pm 5mm, cross referenced to the unique identifying number detailed in this Clause.	
3.	Corrugated metal pipe shall be manufactured to suit the in-situ ground conditions as specified in Annexure 404A – Table 404A1, in accordance with the requirements of Table 404A2	
404	1.07.02 CORRUGATED STEEL PIPES	
1.	Corrugated steel pipe culverts shall be supplied to the corrugation size and steel thickness in accordance with this Clause.	CSPs
2.	The corrugated steel pipes shall be a spirally wound type.	Spirally Wound

3. Corrugated steel pipes shall conform to AS 1761.

4.	The steel thickness shall be 2.0mm for 450mm diameter, 2.5mm for 600mm to 1500mm diameter, and 3.0mm for 1650mm to 2100mm diameter.	Steel Thickness	
5.	The corrugations shall be 68mm x 13mm for up to and including 1500mm diameter, and 125mm x 25mm for 1650mm to 2100mm diameter.	Corrugation	
6.	All pipes shall be manufactured from Grade 250 steel plate to AS 1397.		
7.	All corrugated steel pipes cut during the manufacturing process for bevel or skew installations shall have their cut surfaces treated in accordance with Clause 404.36 - 'Damage'.	Cut Surfaces	
404	4.07.03 CORRUGATED ALUMINIUM PIPES		
1.	Corrugated aluminium pipe shall be fabricated from Alclad 3004-H34 in accordance with AASHTO M197-01. Raw material coil width shall be 650mm or greater to maximise lock seam spacing.	CAP Base Material	
2.	. Manufacture shall be in accordance with AASHTO M196-92 to the Manufacture tolerances shown in AS 1761, and shall incorporate a staked, double offset lock-seam joint.		
3.	The structural design procedure shall be in accordance with AS 1762, modified to suit the aluminium section properties of Alclad 3004-H34 with regard to metal strengths and flexibility, which are as follows:	Design	
	a. Modulus of Elasticity (E) = 69 000 MPa		
	b. Yield Stress = 165 MPa		
	c. Flexibility factor = 0.46 mm/N		
4.	The aluminium thickness shall be 2.0mm for up to and including 450mm diameter, 2.5mm for 600mm to 1500mm diameter, and 3.0mm for 1650mm to 2400mm diameter.	Aluminium Thickness	
5.	The corrugations shall be 68mm x 13mm for up to and including 1500mm diameter, and 125mm x 25mm for 1650mm to 2400mm diameter.	Corrugation	
6.	Dissimilar metals shall not be permitted to be in direct contact with aluminium pipe.	Dissimilar Metals	
404	404.08 REINFORCED CONCRETE BOXES		
1.	Reinforced concrete box culvert units with spans up to and equal to 1200 mm shall be manufactured, tested and inspected in accordance with Annexure 404C and AS 1597.1.	RCBs (Spans ≤ 1200mm)	
2.	Reinforced concrete box culvert units with spans of 1500 mm and greater shall be manufactured, tested and inspected in accordance with Annexure 404C and AS 1597.2.	RCBs (Spans ≥ 1500mm)	

- 3. Reinforced concrete box culvert units shall be manufactured to suit the insitu conditions as specified in Annexure 404A – Table 404A1, in accordance with the requirements of Table 404A2.
- 4. Joint sealant for masking external joints shall be a 150mm wide joint *Joint Sealant* sealant complying with this SPECIFICATION.

404.09 REINFORCEMENT & IN-SITU CONCRETE

404.09.01 REINFORCEMENT

1. Reinforcing steel shall conform to the requirements of SPECIFICATION 822 STEEL REINFORCEMENT.

404.09.02 IN-SITU CONCRETE

- 1. The supply of in-situ concrete for base slabs and end treatments shall conform to requirements of Annexure 404A Table 404A3.
- 2. The supply and placement of all N Class concrete shall be in accordance **N Class** with SPECIFICATION 901 CONCRETE GENERAL WORKS. **Concrete**
- 3. The supply and placement of all S Class concrete shall be in accordance **S Class** with SPECIFICATION 820 CONCRETE FOR STRUCTURES. **Concrete**

404.10 CEMENT STABILISED BACKFILL

- Cement stabilised backfill material shall consist of basecourse material, or other suitable material approved by the Superintendent, stabilised in the proportion of 100kg of Type GP Cement to one cubic metre of uncompacted backfill material.
- 2. Water for cement stabilisation shall be clean and potable.

404.11 SELECT BEDDING MATERIAL

1. Select bedding material shall be basecourse material, or other suitable material approved by the Superintendent, containing less than 20% by mass of material retained on the 37.5mm sieve as determined by MRWA Test Method WA 115.2.

404.12 JOINT SEALANT

 Acceptable joint sealant for masking external joints are Flash Tac Scotch Wrap No.50 and Rock Wrap 3000 or a suitable equivalent approved by the Superintendent.

404.13 – 404.30 NOT USED

INSTALLATION

Water

404.31 GENERAL

1. The installation of pipes and box culverts shall include all trench excavations, construction and backfill to the details shown on the Drawings and as described in this SPECIFICATION.

1. Trenches shall be excavated to the width shown in the Drawings with

404.32 TRENCH EXCAVATION

	vertical sides throughout where the excavation is up to 1.5m deep.	
2.	Where the excavation is greater than 1.5m deep, the trench shall be excavated in accordance with the requirements of the Drawings. Any loose or disturbed material shall be removed from the walls of the trench.	Trench > 1.5m Deep
3.	All spoil material from excavations, including excavations for end treatments and rock protection, shall be disposed of as specified in SPECIFICATION 302 EARTHWORKS.	Spoil Material
4.	Excavations shall be kept free from water until work below ground level is sufficiently set or protected. Dewatering operations shall be undertaken in accordance with SPECIFICATION 204 ENVIRONMENT, and water discharged from trenches shall in no circumstances be disposed of to sanitary sewers.	Dewatering
5.	Trench excavations in rock, including excavation for end treatments, shall be carried out in accordance with SPECIFICATION 302 EARTHWORKS.	Rock
404	4.33 BLASTING	
1.	Any requirement for blasting shall be carried out in accordance with SPECIFICATION 302 EARTHWORKS.	Blasting
404	4.34 PROTECTION OF FOUNDATION SURFACES	
1.	The exposed surface at the bottom of the excavation shall be adequately protected from disturbance by the Contractors operations or by the action of storm water or ground water. Where required, dewatering shall be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of SPECIFICATION 204 ENVIRONMENT. Any disturbance shall be reinstated to the requirements of Clause 404.35 – 'Bedding' by the Contractor at no cost to the Principal.	Exposed Surface

404.35 BEDDING

- 1. Culverts shall be bedded as detailed on the Drawings.
- 2. Excavation for culverts, bedding and end treatments shall be undertaken to the extent shown on the Drawings.
- Unless shown otherwise on the Drawings, the culverts and end treatments shall be bedded on the in-situ foundation material that has been compacted to the requirements specified for 'Embankment Foundation' in SPECIFICATION 302 EARTHWORKS, with a frequency of testing in accordance with SPECIFICATION 201 QUALITY SYSTEMS.

Extent of

Excavation

4.	Select bedding material shall be constructed to the dimensions shown in the Drawings. Select bedding material shall be compacted to the Characteristic Dry Density Ratio specified for 'Embankment Construction' in SPECIFICATION 302 EARTHWORKS, with a frequency of testing in accordance with SPECIFICATION 201 QUALITY SYSTEMS.	Select Bedding Material
5.	Provisions shall be made to accommodate pipe socket/connections to ensure pipes are fully supported along the barrels.	
404	4.36 DAMAGE	
1.	Pre-cast concrete pipes and box culvert units shall be handled and installed in such a manner that no non-conforming cracking or other non-conforming defect occurs that is outside acceptable limits given in Annexure 404B and 404C as applicable. Damaged pipe and box culverts shall be assessed and repaired or replaced in accordance with Annexure 404B or 404C as applicable at no cost to the Principal.	Damaged Concrete Units
2.	Corrugated steel pipe culvert units shall be handled and installed in such a manner as to prevent damage to the zinc coating. Areas on culvert units where zinc coating has been damaged shall be cleaned of rust and painted with two coats of zinc-rich organic priming paint complying with AS/NZS 3750.9. Where other coatings such as polymer pre-coats are used, then damage to those coats shall be repaired in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Such surface repairs shall be undertaken at no cost to the Principal. Where damage occurs, other than to the surface coating then the damaged units shall be replaced at no cost to the Principal.	Damaged CSPs
3.	Corrugated aluminium pipe culvert units shall be handled and installed with care to prevent damage to the pipe wall and seamed joints. Damaged pipe units shall be replaced at no cost to the Principal.	Damaged Aluminium Pipes
404	4.37 BACKFILL AND COMPACTION	
404	4.37.01 GENERAL	
1.	Prior to backfilling the Contractor shall certify to the Superintendent that compliance has been achieved with all specified requirements.	HOLD POINT
2. The backfill requirements for all culverts shall be as detailed in the Drawings. Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings backfill material, other than cement stabilised backfill shall be embankment material placed and compacted to the requirements specified for 'Embankment Construction' in SPECIFICATION 302 EARTHWORKS, with a frequency of testing in accordance with SPECIFICATION 201 QUALITY SYSTEMS. Backfill levels on each side of any conduit shall not differ by more than 150mm. The Contractor shall ensure that the backfill placement does not damage the end treatments.		Backfill
3.	The dimensional requirements relating to backfill shall be as shown on the Drawings.	Extent

4.	All sheeting, struts, braces, and similar temporary supports shall be entirely removed from the trench prior to backfilling. Removal shall be effected in such a way so as not to disturb or displace the culvert.	Removal of Bracing
5.	Appropriate precautions, such as the use of holding-down straps, shall be taken to ensure that corrugated metal pipe culvert barrels do not 'float' during the backfilling process, particularly during vibration of the backfill.	Metal Culvert 'Float' Precautions
6.	The Contractor shall ensure that the equipment used during compaction of backfill does not damage the culvert. Limitations on the type of compaction equipment, and cover to be provided to the top of the culvert shall be determined in accordance with AS/NZS 3725 for reinforced concrete pipes, AS 1597 for reinforced box culverts or AS 1762 for corrugated steel pipes.	Compaction Equipment
7.	No backfill shall be placed behind in-situ wingwalls or headwalls within seven days of concrete being placed in the wingwalls or headwalls.	Concrete Strength
404	4.37.02 CEMENT STABILISED BACKFILL	
1.	Cement stabilised backfill material to culverts shall be as specified in Clause 404.10 – 'Cement Stabilised Backfill' and shall be placed to the limits and dimensions as shown on the Drawings.	Material
2.	Only sufficient water shall be mixed with the stabilised material to facilitate compaction.	Water
3.	Cement stabilised backfill material shall be placed within 90 minutes of mixing the cement with water. The stabilised backfill shall be compacted during placement using pneumatic or mechanical rotary type immersion vibrators. The cement stabilised material shall be vibrated until all excess water and air are expelled.	Placing
4.	During placing of cement stabilised backfill the backfill levels on each side of any conduit shall not differ by more than 150mm. Backfill placement shall not damage the culverts or end treatments.	Placement
5.	Immersion vibrators shall be of the rotary out of balance type with a frequency of not less than 10 000 cycles per minute. Before the commencement of each backfill, sufficient vibrators and spares shall be available and tested. The number of vibrators required for a given rate of placing cement stabilised material shall be as specified in Table 404.01 and shall be continuously used during the process.	Vibrators

TABLE 404.01 NUMBER OF VIBRATORS

Rate of Placing Cement Stabilised Material m ³ per Hour	Working Vibrators Required	Standby Vibrators Required
Up to 4	1	1
4 to 8	2	1

404.38 PAVEMENT REINSTATEMENT

1.	Where a culvert is constructed under an existing road pavement, the pavement on the existing road shall be reinstated by the construction of the appropriate pavement layers with thicknesses as shown on the Drawings.	Reinstatement
2.	The edges of the excavation shall be saw cut straight and parallel to the line of the culvert or stormwater drain and the excavation backfilled to the requirements of Clauses 404.31 – 'General' and 404.37 'Backfill and Compaction' respectively. The pavement layer(s) shall be constructed to the relevant requirements of SPECIFICATION 501 PAVEMENTS.	Edges & Pavement
3.	Bituminous surfacing and asphalt shall be applied in accordance with the requirements of SPECIFICATION 503 BITUMINOUS SURFACING and SPECIFICATION 504 ASPHALT SURFACING respectively, with the top surface finished level with the surrounding existing sealed surface.	Surfacing
4.	A waterproof seal shall be provided between the new and the old surfaces.	Waterproof Seal
40	4.39 TRAFFIC	ocur
1.	The Contractor shall repair or replace any culvert damaged by construction backfill or Public Traffic in accordance with the requirements of Clause 404.36 – 'Damage', at no cost to the Principal.	Damage
2.	Construction traffic with greater than legal wheel or axle loading, as defined by the Road Traffic (Vehicle Standards) Regulations 2002 shall not be permitted to travel over culverts.	
40	4.40 CULVERTS	
404	4.40.01 GENERAL	
1.	Batter slopes at culverts shall be evenly transitioned over a length of 10m from the edge of the wingwall to match culvert wingwall slopes.	
2.	All culverts shall be constructed to the correct alignment and cross sectional shape and shall conform to dimensions, levels and other details specified or shown in the Drawings.	Alignment
3.	Inlet and outlet invert levels shall be as shown in the Drawings plus or minus 10mm. Inverts shall be smooth and of uniform gradient throughout each culvert length.	Invert Levels Tolerance
4.	Any culvert which is not true to line, level or grade, or shows settlement after laying, or which is damaged during backfilling, compaction or subsequent operations, shall be removed by the Contractor and replaced at no cost to the Principal.	Misalignment or Damage
5.	On completion of installation no diameter measured across the indelible markings on metal culverts shall differ from the supplied preinstalled dimension by more than 5 percent. Testing frequency shall be in accordance with SPECIFICATION 201 QUALITY SYSTEMS.	Metal Culvert Diameter Tolerances

6.	Where shown on the Drawings, metal culverts shall be anchored to an in- situ concrete collar.	Metal Culverts Anchorage
7.	All culverts shall be flushed clean from end to end on completion of the installation and maintained in proper working order for the duration of the Contract.	Flushing
8.	Culverts shall be laid with the connections kept clean and shall be laid with the inverts true to the lines and levels shown on the Drawings and to the following tolerances:	
	a. Horizontal alignment ± 25mm ± 25mm	
	b. Vertical level ± 10mm ± 10mm	
9.	The Contractor shall seal the ends of the culverts with a temporary plug to exclude water, sand or other deleterious materials caused from work under the Contract unless otherwise approved by the Superintendent.	
404	1.40.02 CONCRETE PIPE CULVERTS	
1.	Pipe laying shall proceed up-grade with the pipe sockets at the higher end of the pipes.	
2.	Rubber ring joints shall be lubricated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Pipe handling shall be carefully controlled to avoid disturbing the rubber ring and to ensure that it is free from dirt and other foreign materials. Any rubber ring so disturbed shall be removed, cleaned and re-lubricated before refitting.	Rubber Rings
3.	Care shall be taken to properly align the pipe before the joint is forced home. During the jointing operation the pipe shall be partially supported in a suitable manner to minimise unequal lateral pressure on the rubber ring and to maintain concentricity until the rubber ring is properly seated.	Jointing
4.	Flush jointed concrete pipes shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, with the rubber jointing bands and pipe joints being kept free from dirt and foreign materials.	Flush Joints
5.	The installation and jointing recommendations provided by the pipe manufacturer shall be followed at all times. Sufficient pressure shall be applied in making the joint to ensure proper seating and sufficient restraint shall be applied to ensure that the line does not creep until backfill material can be placed and thoroughly compacted around the pipe. At the end of the work day the last pipe shall be blocked in an effective manner to prevent creep.	Manufacturer's Recommendations
404	1.40.03 CONCRETE BOX CULVERTS	
1.	Unless otherwise detailed in the Specification or Drawings, installation of all pre-cast reinforced concrete boxes shall comply with the requirements of AS 1597 Section 6 - Installation.	Concrete Boxes
2.	All box culverts shall be installed on a cast in-situ concrete base slab. Pre- cast concrete bases shall not be used.	In-situ Base Slabs

3.	Reinforced concrete box culvert units, including link slab units, shall be placed in position on a mortar bed in accordance with the Drawings. Unless specified otherwise on the Drawings, cement mortar is to be 0.4 : 1, water : cement ratio by mass and 3 : 1, sand : cement ratio by mass.			
4.	Cem used hour	ent stabilised backfill shall not be placed until the cement mortar to seal culvert crown units and link slabs has cured for 48 s.	HOLD POINT	
5.	The I requi	pase slab construction for Box Culverts shall comply with the following rements:	Base Slab:	
	a.	Dimensions shall be within 10mm of those shown on the Drawings. Surface irregularities shall be less than 5mm abrupt and 8mm over a 3 metre straight edge.	Tolerances	
	b.	No construction equipment or public traffic is permitted to travel or work on or over the concrete base slab within seven days of the placement of concrete in the base slabs.	Traffic Use	
	C.	The Contractor shall not operate any plant directly on the concrete base slabs without prior approval from the Superintendent.	Plant Use	
	d.	Reinforced concrete box culvert units shall not be placed on concrete base slabs within 24 hours of completing the concrete base slabs.		
6.	Box (show Spec	Culverts with a span of 1200mm or greater shall have shear keys as n on the Drawings and constructed in accordance with this ification.	Shear Keys	
7.	When morta remo betwo	re link slabs are installed, they shall be seated on continuous cement ar pads as shown on the Drawings. All surplus mortar shall be ved from the installation before the mortar hardens. The space een link slabs shall be backfilled in accordance with the Drawings.	Link Slabs	
404	4.40.0	4 CORRUGATED STEEL PIPE CULVERTS		
1.	Insta the re	llation of helical lock-seam corrugated steel pipes shall comply with equirements of this Specification, the Drawings, and AS 1762.	Helical Lock-Seam Corrugated Steel Pipes	
2.	Wher cut s for da	re corrugated steel pipes are to be cut in-situ to suit end treatments the urfaces shall be treated in accordance with Clause 404.36 – 'Damage' amaged corrugated steel pipe.		
404	4.40.0	5 CORRUGATED ALUMINIUM PIPE CULVERTS		
1.	Insta requi	llation of corrugated aluminium pipes shall comply with the rements of this Specification, the Drawings and AS 1762.	Aluminium Pipes	
40	404.41 EXISTING CULVERTS			
404	404.41.01 REMOVAL & BACKFILL			
1.	Whe	re detailed on the Drawings, existing culverts shall be removed.	Redundant Culverts	

2.	Existing culverts nominated by the Principal as requiring demolition or removal that contain or potentially contain asbestos are nominated in SPECIFICATION 203 OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH. Management of these existing culverts shall be in accordance with SPECIFICATION 203 OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH.	Asbestos Containing Material
3.	If an existing culvert does not contain Asbestos Containing Material and is deemed suitable for re-use by the Superintendent, it can be used for sidetracks. When the sidetrack is no longer in use, or if there is no sidetrack, removed culverts shall be stored or disposed of by the Contractor to the Contractor's disposal site, or an authorised waste disposal site or a site approved by the Local Government Authority.	Use of Existing Culverts for Sidetracks
4.	Where damage to the concrete that exposes the reinforcement or any cracking which exceeds 0.1mm wide occurs then those damaged culvert units shall be disposed of by the Contractor to the Contractor's disposal site, or an authorised waste disposal site or a site approved by the Local Government Authority. Minor chipping of the concrete may be repaired by the Contractor using an approved epoxy mortar and the culverts will be considered to be undamaged.	Damaged Fittings
5.	If the removed culvert is not being replaced, the void remaining shall be filled and compacted with embankment material.	Backfilling
6.	The embankment material shall be placed and compacted to the requirements for embankment construction in SPECIFICATION 302 EARTHWORKS, with a frequency of testing in accordance with SPECIFICATION 201 QUALITY SYSTEMS.	
40	4.41.02 LOW STRENGTH INFILL	
1.	Where indicated on the Drawings, redundant existing culverts and associated drainage structures located under roadways which are to be retained in their existing location shall be entirely filled in-situ in accordance with SPECIFICATION 410 LOW STRENGTH INFILL. The open ends of any remaining pipe runs and apertures left in remaining drainage structures shall be permanently sealed off to exclude water, sand or other material.	Low Strength Infill
40	4.41.03 CULVERT EXTENSIONS	
1.	Construction of culvert extensions to existing culverts shall be in accordance with the relevant construction requirements for new culverts, except that extension of a culvert shall normally be completed before associated earthworks at the same location.	Culvert Extensions
2.	Trench excavation for the culvert extension shall be carried out as required. Where the invert level of the culvert extension is lower than the existing ground level, the in-situ material shall be excavated to the width shown on the Drawings for new culverts.	
3.	Where the existing culvert is nominated in SPECIFICATION 203 OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH, prior to disturbing the existing culvert or endwall in any way, the Contractor shall adhere to the requirements of SPECIFICATION 203 OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH relating to Asbestos Containing Material.	Asbestos Containing Material

4. Where the existing culvert and culvert endwalls do not contain Asbestos Containing Material, the culvert endwalls shall be broken out as required and the old endwall material removed to spoil areas. Care shall be taken not to damage retained culvert conduit. 5. Unless shown otherwise on the Drawings, the existing culvert barrel shall be excavated back to a minimum of 500mm from the end of the culvert. Prior to backfilling, the joint between the existing and the new conduit shall be masked with a suitable joint sealant in accordance with Clause 404.12 -'Joint Sealant'. 6. The gradient of the culvert extension shall match the gradient of the retained portion of the existing culvert, or where required the extension shall be laid to a specified invert level. Culvert extensions shall be thoroughly jointed with the existing culvert so as to provide a continuous structure with no internal projections to impede the flow of water. 7. End treatments to extensions shall be constructed as for new culverts. End Treatments 404.42 DAMAGE TO EXISTING STRUCTURES 1. Any damage to any culvert, end treatment or any other structure during the Damage Contract shall be repaired by the Contractor at no cost to the Principal. **PEGGING OF CULVERTS** 404.43 1. Prior to any clearing at culvert locations, the Contractor shall peg the HOLD POINT centreline of the culvert at the inlet and outlet inverts and peg the extent of the clearing required for associated Works for the Superintendents verification and adjustment as required. 404.44 TRENCH EXCAVATION FOR CULVERTS 1. Except for culvert extensions, no culvert shall be laid until the embankment Embankment at the point of laying has been brought to a level 600mm above all points Height along the top of the culvert, or to the subgrade level, whichever is the lesser, and compacted. Where pipes with spigot and socket joints are used then measurement shall be taken from the top of collar. 404.45 END TREATMENTS 404.45.01 IN-SITU CONSTRUCTION 1. Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings, all culvert end treatments shall Construction be constructed of cast in-situ concrete, or where applicable of mortared rock pitching in accordance with the Drawings. 2. The dimensions of the end treatments shall be within 10mm of those shown Tolerances on the Drawings when measured in accordance with AS 3610. 3. Surface irregularities of the concrete end walls, wing walls, cut off walls and Surface aprons shall be less than 5mm abrupt and 8mm over a 3 metre straight Irregularities edge.

	Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings, concrete shall be in accordance with Annexure 404A – Table 404A3 and shall conform to the requirements of Clause 404.09 – 'Reinforcement and In-situ Concrete'.		
5.	Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings, mortar for mortared rock pitching Mortai shall comprise a 6 to 1 mix of builder's sand and ordinary Portland cement, with all sand being from the same source.		
40	4.45.02 PRE-CAST CONCRETE END TREATMENTS		
1.	The use of commercially available pre-cast end treatments shall not be permitted.	Pre-cast End Treatments	
40	4.46 FORMWORK		
1.	All formwork used to form and support the concrete shall conform to the requirements of SPECIFICATION 821 FORMWORK. Associated requirements for false-work shall conform to the requirements of SPECIFICATION 819 FALSEWORK.		
2.	The tolerances of formwork for concrete construction of all end treatments shall be as follows:	Tolerances	
	a. Variation in cross-sectional dimensions + 5mm		
	b. Variation in overall dimensions + 10mm		
	c. Variation in surface level + 5mm		
40	4.47 OUTLET DRAINS		
1	Construction of culvert inlet and outlet drains shall be in accordance with		
	the Drawings and SPECIFICATION 402 SURFACE DRAINS AND LEVEES.		
40	the Drawings and SPECIFICATION 402 SURFACE DRAINS AND LEVEES. 4.48 ROCK PROTECTION		
40 / 1.	the Drawings and SPECIFICATION 402 SURFACE DRAINS AND LEVEES. 4.48 ROCK PROTECTION Where shown on the Drawings, culverts shall have rock protection.		
40 1. 2.	the Drawings and SPECIFICATION 402 SURFACE DRAINS AND LEVEES. 4.48 ROCK PROTECTION Where shown on the Drawings, culverts shall have rock protection. Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings, dimensions and class of rock for rock protection shall be as specified in the Culvert Schedule and shall be constructed in accordance with the requirements of SPECIFICATION 406 ROCK PROTECTION.	Rock Class	
40 1. 2. 40	 the Drawings and SPECIFICATION 402 SURFACE DRAINS AND LEVEES. 4.48 ROCK PROTECTION Where shown on the Drawings, culverts shall have rock protection. Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings, dimensions and class of rock for rock protection shall be as specified in the Culvert Schedule and shall be constructed in accordance with the requirements of SPECIFICATION 406 ROCK PROTECTION. 4.49 DRAINAGE STRUCTURES 	Rock Class	
40 1. 2. 40 1.	 the Drawings and SPECIFICATION 402 SURFACE DRAINS AND LEVEES. 4.48 ROCK PROTECTION Where shown on the Drawings, culverts shall have rock protection. Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings, dimensions and class of rock for rock protection shall be as specified in the Culvert Schedule and shall be constructed in accordance with the requirements of SPECIFICATION 406 ROCK PROTECTION. 4.49 DRAINAGE STRUCTURES Supply and installation of drainage structures such as inlets, manholes and catchpits shall be in accordance with the Drawings and SPECIFICATION 405 DRAINAGE STRUCTURES. 	Rock Class	
40 1. 2. 40 1.	 the Drawings and SPECIFICATION 402 SURFACE DRAINS AND LEVEES. 4.48 ROCK PROTECTION Where shown on the Drawings, culverts shall have rock protection. Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings, dimensions and class of rock for rock protection shall be as specified in the Culvert Schedule and shall be constructed in accordance with the requirements of SPECIFICATION 406 ROCK PROTECTION. 4.49 DRAINAGE STRUCTURES Supply and installation of drainage structures such as inlets, manholes and catchpits shall be in accordance with the Drawings and SPECIFICATION 405 DRAINAGE STRUCTURES. 4.50 STORMWATER DRAINS 	Rock Class	

404.51 – 404.80 NOT USED

AS-BUILT AND HANDOVER REQUIREMENTS

404.81 AS-BUILT INFORMATION

- 1. As-Built Drawings shall include the following information for culverts:
 - a. Material type.
 - b. Length.
 - c. Culvert Skew Angle.
 - d. Inlet and Outlet Invert Levels.
 - e. Nominal diameter for pipes or span and height for RCBs.
 - f. Number of barrels. In the case of box culverts in addition to number of barrels number of link slabs shall also be noted (where applicable).

404.82 – 404.90 NOT USED

CONTRACT SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS

404.91 – 404.99 NOT USED

ANNEXURE 404A

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

404A1. GROUND CONDITIONS (Clause 404.03)

1.1 In-situ ground conditions with respect to the manufacture and installation of culverts shall be classed in accordance with Table 404A1:

CULVERT TYPE AND MATERIAL	GROUND CONDITION
Reinforced Concrete Pipe	AGGRESSIVE
Reinforced Concrete Box	AGGRESSIVE
Corrugated Steel Pipe	AGGRESSIVE
Corrugated Aluminium Pipe	NON-AGGRESSIVE

Table 404A1 – In-situ Ground Conditions

(Delete the culvert types and conditions which are <u>not</u> applicable. **Refer also to Guidance Note 5**, and delete this note)

1.2 Requirements for culvert units installed in ground conditions identified as 'Aggressive' (refer to Table 404A1) shall be in accordance with Table 404A2:

CULVERT TYPE AND MATERIAL	REQUIREMENTS
Reinforced Concrete Pipe (all sizes)	Minimum cover to reinforcement shall be in accordance with AS/NZS 4058 for 'Marine' conditions
Reinforced Concrete Box (Span up to 1200mm)	(Refer to Guidance Note 5.2 for interim treatment options available to Project Managers. Insert the required treatment here and delete this note)
Reinforced Concrete Box (Span ≥ 1500mm)	(Refer to Guidance Note 5.2 for interim treatment options available to Project Managers. Insert the required treatment here and delete this note)
Corrugated Steel Pipe (all sizes)	(Refer to Guidance Note 5.3 for treatment options available to Project Managers. Insert the required treatment here and delete this note)

Table 404A2 – Requirements for Culvert Units Installed in Aggressive Ground Conditions

(this Table can be used for multiple types of culverts. Delete the culvert type which is **not** applicable and delete this note)

404A2. CONCRETE PIPE JOINTS (Clause 404.03)

- 2.1 The type of culvert joints to be supplied for Precast Reinforced Concrete Pipes shall be:
 - Flush Joints
 - Spigot and Socket Joint

(Delete the joint type which is <u>not</u> applicable, and delete this note)

404A3. IN-SITU CONCRETE STRENGTH (Clause 404.09)

Culvert Type	Culvert Span / Diameter	Concrete Class
Reinforced Concrete Box (RCB)	≤ 1200mm	N40
Reinforced Concrete Box (RCB)	≥ 1500mm	S50
Reinforced Concrete Pipe (RCP)	< 1500mm	N40
Reinforced Concrete Pipe (RCP)	≥ 1500mm	S50
Corrugated Steel Pipe (CSP)	< 1500mm	N40
Corrugated Steel Pipe (CSP)	≥ 1500mm	S50

TABLE 404A3 – In-Situ Concrete Strength for Base Slabs and End Treatments

(Delete the type(s) and class(es) which is/are <u>not</u> applicable. **Refer also to Guidance Note 10**, and delete this note)

ANNEXURE 404B

PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPES

GENERAL

404B.01 SCOPE

1. This Annexure is for the supply and delivery of precast reinforced concrete pipes. The Contractor must nominate the nominal effective length of the units with the tender.

404B.02 TERMINOLOGY AND STANDARDS

1. Unless otherwise specified, material and manufactured articles and workmanship shall conform to the relevant Australian Standards. Where conflict occurs between this Annexure and the relevant Australian Standard this Annexure shall take precedence.

PRODUCTS AND MATERIALS

404B.03 PRE-CAST UNITS

1. The pipes shall be manufactured, tested and accepted in accordance with the requirements of AS/NZS 4058, except where otherwise varied by this Annexure.

2.	The spec requi	pipes shall be manufactured to suit the in-situ ground conditions as fied in Annexure 404A – Table 404A1 in accordance with the rements of Table 404A2	Ground Conditions		
3.	3. The nominal internal pipe diameters to be supplied shall include those diameters between 300mm and 4200mm given in the Culvert Schedule and/or the Schedule of Rates.				
4.	This AS/N	Annexure applies to the following load classes as described in ZS 4058:	Load Classes		
	a.	Standard pipe classes 2, 3 and 4 are available as stock items.			
	b.	Extra strength pipe classes 6, 8, 10 and 12 are also available from pipe manufacturers as required.			
5.	. The Class of pipe shall be as shown on the Drawings.				
6.	The type of joints to be supplied shall be as specified in Clause 404A2 <i>Joint Types</i>				
7.	Information to be supplied by the purchaser and the supplier shall be in <i>Purchasing</i> accordance with AS/NZS 4058.				

404B.04 REINFORCEMENT AND CONCRETE

404B.04.01 CONCRETE GENERAL

- 1. Concrete shall be cast and cured to produce a sound, dense and durable concrete.
- 2. Concrete shall have a surface finish equivalent to a steel trowel finish for internal surfaces. External surfaces shall have as a minimum a Class 3 finish in accordance with AS 3610. The internal and external surfaces of pipes shall not be coated unless otherwise specified.
- Concrete shall be produced in accordance with the requirements of this SPECIFICATION.

404B.04.02 CEMENT

- 1. Cement shall comply with the requirements of AS 3972 and Australian Technical Infrastructure Committee (ATIC) SP43. All sampling and testing of cement shall be in accordance with AS/NZS 2350. The cement shall be dry to flow freely during application. The Cementitious Material Registration Scheme (CMRS) shall be used to confirm that the cement complies with ATIC SP43. The standard application form for CMRS registration is given in Annexure 404 D. The Contractor shall provide manufacturer's test certificates showing
- 2. Prior to the manufacturing of culverts the Contractor shall confirm that the cement complies with ATIC SP43 and shall provide the CMRS registration number for the cement to the Superintendent for approval of the cement.
- 3. Cement shall contain less than 0.6 per cent total alkali expressed as sodium oxide equivalent. The method of testing to determine this figure shall be in accordance with ASTM C114.
- 4. The Contractor shall use cement in approximately the chronological order in which it is delivered from the manufacturer. The Contractor shall demonstrate that transportation units and storage bins used for bulk cement have been constructed so that there is no dead storage. If dead storage exists the bins shall be emptied completely at least once every three months. Cement delivered in bags shall be stored in weatherproof structures having floors raised above the ground.
- 5. Cement that is more than three months old shall not be used.

404B.04.03 SECONDARY CEMENTITIOUS ADDITIVES

- 1. The following secondary cementitious additives shall be acceptable:
 - a. Silica fume up to 9% cement replacement. Silica fume shall be in accordance with AS/NZS 3582.3 and ATIC SP43.
 - b. Fly ash up to 25% cement replacement. Fly ash shall be in accordance with AS 3582.1 and ATIC SP43.

Surface Finish

Certification

Silica Fume and Fly Ash 2. The Contractor shall ensure adequate dispersion of the additives throughout the mix.

404B.04.04 AGGREGATE

- 1. Fine aggregates for concrete shall be natural sand and shall comply with the requirements of AS 2758.1. The maximum amount of water absorption for fine aggregates shall not exceed 1.5 per cent.
- Coarse aggregates for concrete shall conform to the requirements of the AS 2758.1. The maximum water absorption of coarse aggregates shall not exceed 2.5 per cent. The durability of coarse aggregates shall be assessed according to test methods detailed in Clauses 9.3.2 and 9.3.3 of AS 2758.1. The acceptance criteria for these tests shall be that for concrete with an exposure classification of severe.
- 3. Aggregates proposed for use in the Works shall comply with the requirements of Clause 10 in AS 2758.1.

404B.04.05 ADMIXTURES

- 1. The use of admixtures in the concrete for the purpose of maintaining workability will be permitted. If the Contractor proposes to use any admixtures in the concrete then he shall submit details of these with the tender.
- 2. Any admixture to be used by the Contractor shall comply with the requirements of AS 1478.

404B.04.06 ALKALI CONTENT OF CONCRETE AND SOLUBLE SALTS

- The total mass of reactive alkali in the concrete, including any admixtures, shall not exceed 2.8kg/m³. The method of determining the alkali content shall be in accordance with Appendix C of Report No TR3 by the Cement & Concrete Association of New Zealand.
- Sulphate and chloride ion contents shall be determined by testing of hardened concrete in accordance with AS 1012 Method 20. A representative sample of at least 20 grams of crushed and ground concrete shall be used, with the titrating solution being 0.01 to 0.02 N. The Volhard method calibrated using a concrete with known chloride content shall be used for the test.
- 3. The sulphate content of concrete as placed expressed as the percentage by mass of acid-soluble SO3 to cement shall not be greater than 5%.
- The mass of acid-soluble chloride ion per unit volume of concrete as placed shall not exceed 0.4 kg/m³

404B.04.07 REINFORCEMENT

1. Reinforcing steel shall conform with the requirements of SPECIFICATION 822 STEEL REINFORCEMENT.

Sulphate

Content

Chloride

Content

Coarse

Aggregates

404B.05 JOINT MATERIALS

1. Where rubber joint rings are to be supplied by the Contractor, they shall **Rubber Joint** comply with AS 1646. **Rings**

MANUFACTURE, HANDLING AND STORAGE

404B.06 COVER TO REINFORCEMENT

- Unless otherwise stated in Annexure 404A Table 404A2, the minimum concrete cover to reinforcement shall be in accordance with AS/NZS 4058 for 'Normal' environment
- 2. Nibs shall be supplied to all reinforcement spacers that intrude into the specified cover. Where pipes are spun or roller compacted then nibs shall be mild steel. Where pipes are wet cast then nibs shall be stainless steel.

Nibs

INSPECTION AND TESTING

404B.07 ROUTINE TESTING

- 1. The following specified tests are required in addition to those specified in AS/NZS 4058, Table 5.1:
 - a. ultimate load
 - b. water absorption
 - c. cover
 - d. dimensional accuracy
 - e. joint assembly test (where appropriate)
- 2. Testing Procedures and Minimum Testing Frequencies shall be in accordance with Table 404B1.
- 3. Tests shall be carried out in accordance with AS/NZS 4058.

TABLE 404B1 – MINIMUM TESTING FREQUENCY

Process	Quality Verification	Minimum Testing
	Requirement	requency
Fine Aggregate	As per AS 2758.1	
	Water Absorption	6 monthly
	Clay and fine silt (settlement method)	2 monthly
	Organic Impurities other than sugar	2 monthly
	Particles size distribution	Monthly
Coarse Aggregate	As per AS 2758.1	
	Water Absorption	6 monthly
	Particle size distribution	Weekly
Water	MRWA Test Method WA 910.1	Monthly
Precast Reinforced Concrete Drainage Pipes	Load Testing - as per AS/NZS 4058 and Clause 404B.07 of the Specification	In accordance with AS/NZS4058 Appendix A, Section A4.1 and A4.2
	Cover to Reinforcement - As per AS/NZS 4058 and Clause 404B.06 of the Specification	In Accordance with AS/NZS 4058 Appendix A, Section A4.6
	Inspection for Defects - as per AS/NZS 4058 and Clause 404B.08 of the specification	Visual inspection all units
	Absorption Testing - as per AS/NZS 4058 and Clause 404B.07 of the specification	In accordance with AS/NZS 4058 Appendix A, Section A4.4
	Dimensional Accuracy as per AS/NZS 4058	In accordance with AS/NZS 4058 Appendix A, Section A4.7
	Joint assembly Test as per AS/NZS 4058	In accordance with AS/NZS 4058 Appendix A, Section A4.5

404B.08 DEFECTS

- 1. Unless otherwise specified within this Clause, pipe defect types identified in AS/NZS 4058, Clause 3.3 'Workmanship and Finish' shall not be acceptable. Selected Extracts from AS/NZS 4058, Table 3.6, are shown in the tables below.
- 2. Where specified below as Acceptable, finishing and repairs to defects shall be in accordance with AS/NZS 4058 Clause 3.3.

404B.08.01 PIPE WALL

1. The following Pipe Wall defects as defined in AS/NZS 4058, Clause 3.3 shall be deemed acceptable subject to the Acceptability of Defects shown below:

Defect	Acceptability
Type 1	Acceptable after repair
Type 2	Acceptable after repair
Type 4	Acceptable after repair
Type 5	Acceptable after repair

404B.08.02 JOINT SURFACE

 The following Joint Surface defects as defined in AS/NZS 4058, Clause 3.3 shall be deemed acceptable subject to the Acceptability of Defects shown below:

Defect	Acceptability
Type 4	Acceptable after repair
Type 5	Acceptable after repair

404B.09 NON-CONFORMANCE

 Pipes shall be deemed nonconforming when they fail to satisfy all the manufacturing and testing requirements of AS/NZS 4058 and this Specification with modifications as specified in this Annexure. Nonconforming units shall be rejected and replaced at no cost to the Principal.

ANNEXURE 404C

PRE-CAST REINFORCED CONCRETE BOX CULVERTS

GENERAL

404C.01 SCOPE

1. This Annexure is for the supply and delivery of pre-cast reinforced concrete box culvert sections including link slabs. Nominal spans and heights of the pre-cast units shall be as shown on the Drawings. The units shall be supplied in lengths of 1.2m or 1.22m. The Contractor must nominate the length of the units with the tender.

404C.02 TERMINOLOGY AND STANDARDS

- 1. The term 'pre-cast units' where used in this Annexure shall include the precast reinforced concrete crown sections and link slabs.
- 2. Unless otherwise specified material and manufactured articles and workmanship shall conform to the relevant Australian Standards. Where conflict occurs between this Annexure and the relevant Australian Standards this Annexure shall take precedence.

PRODUCTS AND MATERIALS

404C.03 PRE-CAST UNITS

- 1. For culvert units up to 1200mm span the following shall apply:
 - a. pre-cast units shall be manufactured, tested and inspected in accordance with the requirements of AS 1597.1, except where otherwise varied by this Specification.
 - b. the recommended nominal internal dimensions for the 1200 x 1200 culvert units are:
 - 1200mm width;
 - and1200mm depth,

In accordance with AS 1597.1, Figure 2.1. The effective waterways area shall not be less than 1.44 m2.

- c. the height of fill, including pavement, between the trafficable surface of the road and the top of the culvert unit, or top of the link slab, shall not be less than 350mm and not greater than 4500mm.
- 2. For culvert units of 1500mm span or larger with fill heights of up to 4.5 metres, the following shall apply:
 - a. pre-cast units have been designed by Main Roads Western Australia and the minimum design requirements are detailed on Drawing Number 0530-1470.

- b. manufactured in accordance with AS 1597.2.
- 3. All pre-cast concrete box units shall be manufactured to suit the in-situ ground conditions as specified in Annexure 404A Table 404A1, in accordance with the requirements of Table 404A2.
- 4. The type of units required for the Contract are as listed in the Culvert Schedule or the Schedule of Rates/Bill of Quantities.
- 5. Tenderers shall submit with their Tender's full details of proposed concrete dimensions and reinforcement to meet the minimum design requirements as detailed on Drawing Number 0530-1470 (for spans 1500mm and greater).
- 6. Information to be supplied by the purchaser and the supplier shall be in accordance with AS 1597.2.

404C.04 FORMWORK

- 1. All formed concrete surfaces to the pre-cast units shall have a smooth, dense and dust free concrete finish.
- 2. Form joint marks shall be unobtrusive and concrete surfaces shall be free from blowholes deeper than 5mm. The allowable extent of blowholes per unit area shall be as for Class 3 formwork in AS 3610. Maximum allowable surface irregularities shall be nil abrupt or 3mm over the width of the surface.
- 3. Form lubricants used shall be of the non-staining type and shall have no detrimental effects on the concrete.
- 4. The unformed surface of the pre-cast units shall be wood floated to produce a uniform surface without surface pitting or cavities. Maximum allowable surface irregularities shall be nil abrupt or 5mm over the width of the surface.
- 5. For culvert units of 1500mm span and larger, the design of all formwork shall be in accordance with SPECIFICATION 821 FORMWORK.

404C.05 REINFORCEMENT AND CONCRETE

404C.05.01 CONCRETE GENERAL

- 1. Concrete shall consist of a mixture of cement and water and coarse aggregate and fine aggregate. In its finished state concrete shall be sound and dense and durable and free from honeycombing and shall have the strength and other properties specified.
- 2. Pre-cast reinforced concrete box culvert units shall be sampled and tested for water absorption in accordance with Appendix F of AS/NZS 4058. The calculated water absorption of each unit shall not exceed 6.5 percent.
- 3. All concrete shall be produced in accordance with the requirements of this Specification.

404C.05.02 CEMENT

- All cement shall comply with the requirements of AS 3972 and ATIC SP43. All sampling and testing of cement shall be in accordance with AS 2350. The cement shall be dry to flow freely during application. The Cementitious Material Registration Scheme (CMRS) shall be used to confirm that the cement complies to ATIC SP43. The standard application form for CMRS registration is given in Annexure 404 D.
- 2. Prior to the manufacturing of a culvert the Contractor shall confirm HOLD POINT that the cement complies with ATIC SP43 and shall provide the CMRS registration number for the cement to the Superintendent for approval of the cement.
- 3. Cement shall contain less than 0.6% total alkali expressed as sodium oxide equivalent. The method of testing to determine this figure shall be in accordance with ASTM C114.
- 4. The Contractor shall use cement in approximately the chronological order in which it is delivered from the manufacturer. Transportation units and storage bins for bulk cement shall be weather proof and shall be constructed so that there is no dead storage. The Contractor shall demonstrate that the storage bins for bulk cement do not have any dead storage. If dead storage exists the bins shall be emptied completely at least once every three months. Cement delivered in bags shall be stored in weatherproof structures having floors raised above the ground.
- 5. Cement that is more than three months old shall not be used.

404C.05.03 SECONDARY CEMENTITIOUS ADDITIVES

- 1. The following secondary cementitious additives shall be acceptable:
 - a. Silica fume up to 9% cement replacement. Silica fume shall be in accordance with AS 3582.3 and ATIC SP43.
 - b. Fly ash up to 25% cement replacement. Fly ash shall be in accordance with AS 3582.1 and ATIC SP43.
- 2. Cast in-situ structures including base slabs and end treatments, constructed in seawater or saline groundwater environments, shall use concrete containing 25% fly ash and at least 5% silica fume.
- 3. The Contractor shall ensure adequate dispersion of the additives throughout the mix.

404C.05.04 AGGREGATE

1. Fine aggregates for concrete shall be natural sand and shall comply with the requirements of AS 2758.1. The maximum amount of water absorption for fine aggregates shall not exceed 1.5%.

- Coarse aggregates for concrete shall be crushed or screened river gravel or crushed igneous rock conforming to the requirements of AS 2758.1. The maximum water absorption for coarse aggregates shall not exceed 2.5%. The durability of coarse aggregates shall be assessed according Clauses 9.3.2 and 9.3.3 of AS 2758.1. The acceptance criteria for these tests shall be that for concrete with an exposure classification of 'C'.
- 3. The Contractor shall produce evidence to show that the aggregates proposed for use in the Works comply with the requirements of Clause 10, 'Alkali Reactive Materials', of AS 2758.1.

404C.05.05 ADMIXTURES

- 1. The use of admixtures in the concrete for the purpose of maintaining workability will be permitted. The use of admixtures for the purpose of reducing cement will not be permitted. If the Contractor proposes to use any admixtures in the concrete then details of these shall be submitted with the tender.
- 2. Any admixture to be used by the Contractor shall comply with the requirements of AS 1478.
- 3. Where specified in Annexure 404A Table 404A2 the Contractor shall use culvert units containing an approved admixture in accordance with the following requirements:
 - a. concrete shall contain a time-proven effective Hydrophobic Poreblocking Ingredient (HPI) system, used strictly in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and providing a hydrophobic cement matrix throughout, as well as dispersed polymer particles suitable for use as a pore- blocking agent.
- 4. The following hydrophobic pore-blocking ingredient system products are acceptable for use on MRWA projects:
 - i. Everdure Caltite (Cementaid)
 - ii. Admix C-5000 (Xypex)

404C.05.06 ALKALI CONTENT OF CONCRETE AND SOLUBLE SALTS

- The total mass of reactive alkali in the concrete, including any admixtures, shall not exceed 2.8kg/m³. The method of determining the alkali content shall be in accordance with Appendix C of Report No TR3 by the Cement & Concrete Association of New Zealand.
- 2. Sulphate and chloride ion contents shall be determined by testing of hardened concrete in accordance with AS 1012 Method 20. The Volhard method calibrated using a concrete with known chloride content shall be used for the test.
- 3. The sulphate content of concrete as placed expressed as the percentage by mass of acid-soluble SO₃to cement shall not be greater than 5%.
- 4. The mass of acid-soluble chloride ion per unit volume of concrete as placed shall not exceed 0.4 kg/m³.

Approved HPIs

404C.05.07 REINFORCEMENT

1. Reinforcing steel shall conform to the requirements of SPECIFICATION 822 STEEL REINFORCEMENT.

MANUFACTURE, HANDLING AND STORAGE

404C.06 CONCRETE

404C.06.01 MIX DESIGN

1. All concrete for the works shall be in accordance with Table 404C1.

TABLE 404C1 – CONCRETE PROPERTIES

CONCRETE CLASS	S50
Minimum compressive strength (f'c) at 28 days on a standard cylinder	50MPa
Target strength for mix design	58MPa
Maximum aggregate size	14mm
Maximum water/cement ratio	0.40
Minimum cement content	420kg/m ³
Maximum cement content	480kg/m ³

2. For the purpose of this Annexure the following definition will apply :

Water/cement ratio is the ratio by mass of the total water content of the mix available for hydration to the total cement in the mix.

- 3. The Contractor shall design a mix which complies with all requirements of this Annexure. Concrete mix design shall aim to produce a workable mix having a minimum water/cement ratio and a maximum aggregate/cement ratio consistent with proper transport and placement and compaction of the concrete without segregation and so as to produce a dense and durable concrete.
- 4. In addition the ratio by mass of the fine aggregate to the combined aggregate of the mix shall be the minimum to produce a workable concrete. The Contractor shall make every effort to minimise the ratio of fine aggregate to combined aggregate when developing the trial mix. The combined grading shall be within the limits given in Figure 404C-1 to this Annexure for culvert units with spans up to 1200mm and; Figure 404C-2 for culvert units of 1500mm spans or greater with up to 4.5 metres of fill, after making allowance for the permissible tolerances on individual aggregate grading given in Clause 404C.06.06.

404C.06.02 TRIAL MIXES

- 1. If a Contractor has not previously supplied box culverts to Main Roads Western Australia, or has changed the concrete mix design of any culverts, the Contractor shall submit details of the concrete mix design and shall, at the Contractor's own expense, prepare a trial mix for the required class of concrete using the plant to be used for concrete in the works.
- 2. Where an admixture is proposed to be used in the concrete, two trial mixes shall be prepared. The first trial mix shall be prepared without the admixture and from this mix the need for an admixture established. The second trial mix shall be prepared with the proposed admixture.
- 3. The Contractor shall measure the slump of the trial mix in accordance with AS 1012.3 (Slump Test).
- 4. Once the Superintendent has approved a mix design for the concrete the slump measured for the trial mix shall be deemed to be the slump for the concrete and all concrete shall have the same slump within a tolerance as detailed in AS 1379. Any concrete having a slump outside this tolerance shall be rejected.
- 5. The maximum slump of a concrete mix with admixture shall in no case be greater than 150mm.
- 6. Compressive test specimens shall be moulded by the Contractor from the trial mix and tested in accordance with Clause 404C.06.04 of this Specification to determine the 28 day compressive strength of the concrete.
- 7. The number of compressive test specimens to be moulded from each trial mix shall be nine. Tests shall be carried out on the trial mix to determine that the requirements of this Specification are met. In addition the average strength of all compressive strength specimens made from a trial mix shall be not less than the target strength and 70% of all test results shall have compressive strengths within 3MPa of the mean.
- 8. The Contractor shall not vary the properties of the materials used or vary their relative proportion from those of the approved trial mix. If the mix design or source of aggregates changes during the course of the Contract, then further trial mixes shall be carried out in accordance with this Clause.

404C.06.03 WORKABILITY

- 1. Concrete shall have a degree of workability such that satisfactory placement and compaction of the concrete is achieved consistent with the properties permitted by Clause 404C.06.07 of this Annexure.
- 2. The workability of all concrete shall be checked by use of a slump cone in accordance with AS 1012.3 (Slump Test).

404C.06.04 TESTING

- 1. For the purpose of this Annexure the strength of concrete shall be defined as the average 28 day crushing strength of a minimum of two standard 100mm diameter by 200mm long cylinders taken from the same lot and made and cured and tested in accordance with AS 1012.
- 2. Testing of concrete specimens for the determination of 28 day compressive strength shall be carried out by the Contractor in accordance with AS 1012. Concrete test specimens for determining the de-moulding strength, shall be cured on site under the same curing conditions as the pre-cast units.
- 3. All testing shall be carried out by the Contractor based on the requirements given in this Specification and in accordance with AS 1597.
- 4. Testing equipment shall be calibrated by a company endorsed by the National Association of Testing Authorities (NATA) as identified in the Quality Plan submitted at the time of tender and approved by the Superintendent.
- 5. Sampling procedures shall conform to AS 1012 and from each sample of concrete taken for the purpose of checking the 28 day compressive strength not less than 3 test specimens shall be cast and not less than 2 specimens shall be cast to indicate the attainment of the specified de-moulding strength of the precast units. Concrete shall be sampled each time a casting takes place. Minimum frequency of sampling shall be once per day's production.
- 6. The steel moulds for making concrete compression test specimens shall be 100mm diameter by 200mm long cylinder moulds complying with the requirements for moulds in AS 1012.
- 7. The Tenderer shall include in his rates for the cost of supplying the steel moulds and undertaking the conformance testing required by this Specification during the period of the Contract.
- Moulding and curing of test specimens shall be carried out by the Contractor in accordance with AS 1012 and this Clause. The Contractor shall make all due allowances in his unit rates for costs incurred in cleaning moulds and moulding test specimens and stripping moulds and site curing test specimens.

404C.06.05 CONCRETING PLANT

1. The batching plant shall be capable of producing the quantities of concrete at the rates necessary for the efficient and proper placement of concrete in the Works.

404C.06.06 BATCHING AND MIXING

1. The Contractor shall provide equipment and shall maintain and operate the equipment as required to accurately determine and control the amount of each separate ingredient entering the concrete to the accuracy specified in AS 1379 with the following modifications:

For batch sizes less than 2m³ the following permissible tolerances on batch ingredients shall apply:

Batch Ingredient	Percentage Tolerance by Weight
Cement	± 1%
Aggregate	± 2%
Added Water	± 2%
Chemical Admixtures	± 5%

- 2. The Contractor shall adjust the quantity of water to be added to the mix to allow for moisture in the aggregates. The amounts of cement and sand and each size of aggregate entering each batch of concrete shall be determined by weighing. The amount of water shall be determined by either weighing or by volumetric measurement.
- All equipment shall be verified in accordance with the Contractor's Quality Management System. The Contractor shall have a Quality Management System in place that meets the requirements of SPECIFICATION 201 QUALITY SYSTEMS.
- 4. Mixing of concrete shall comply with the requirements of AS 1379.
- 5. Excessive over-mixing shall not be permitted and any concrete which has been retained in the mixer so long as to require additional water to permit satisfactory placing shall be rejected.
- 6. Concrete shall be transported in a manner preventing adulteration or segregation or loss of ingredients.
- 7. All concrete in a batch shall be placed in its final position and compacted within 45 minutes of adding water to the mix.

404C.06.07 PLACING

- Concrete shall be deposited in such a manner as to avoid segregation of the concrete and displacement of the reinforcement or other embedded items or formwork. It shall be spread in horizontal layers. At the time of pouring there shall be no residue of water in the moulds.
- 2. The concrete shall be fully compacted throughout the full extent of each layer and shall be thoroughly worked against the formwork and around any reinforcement and other embedded items. Successive layers of the same lift shall be thoroughly worked together.
- 3. The compaction of concrete shall be carried out as follows:
 - For culvert units of 1200mm span or smaller by using external vibrators clamped to the outside of the mould or the mould clamped to an external vibrator to achieve the desired level of compaction;

- For culvert units of 1500mm span or larger by using appropriate methods of external vibration to achieve the desired level of compaction.
- 4. Power-driven immersion vibrators shall be used only as back-up units when external vibrators fail. When immersion vibrators are used they shall be of the rotary out-of-balance type with a frequency of not less than 10 000 cycles per minute.
- 5. Over-vibration shall be avoided. Immersion vibrators shall be withdrawn slowly to avoid the formation of voids. Care shall be taken to ensure that no reinforcement or embedded items are displaced by vibration.

404C.06.08 CURING AND PROTECTION

- 1. The following general requirements for the curing and protection of concrete shall be met:
 - a. Freshly placed concrete shall be protected from the sun and wind and rain and prevented from drying out.
 - b. Curing shall commence immediately after the concrete has achieved its final set.
 - c. The minimum curing period for concrete shall be seven days immediately after removal from the casting mould, refer to Clause d) below for the exception
 - d. The minimum curing period for concrete incorporating granulated blast furnace slag, silica fume or fly ash shall be 14 days.
- 2. All concrete surfaces shall be cured by one of the following methods:
 - a. Moist and Membrane Curing:
 - i. surfaces of the units commencing immediately after the concrete has achieved final set, but in no case later than two hours after placing.
 - ii. Concrete shall be cured by either moist or membrane curing to all The curing shall be continuous for not less than seven days immediately after removal from the casting mould.

<u>Moist curing</u> - concrete shall be kept continuously moist and the concrete maintained at a temperature above 5 degrees Centigrade. Moist curing using water sprinklers which may damage adjacent precast units will not be acceptable.

<u>Membrane curing</u> – curing compounds shall be applied to all surfaces of the pre-cast units to manufacturer's specifications. The concrete shall be maintained at a temperature above 5 degrees Centigrade.

- b. Accelerated Curing
 - Accelerated curing shall be carried out by low pressure steam curing in accordance with AS 1597 Appendix C. Any other form of accelerated curing will not be permitted. In addition the pre-cast units shall be cured for a further continuous period of not less than five days immediately after removal from the casting mould.

- ii. All procedures for the curing of concrete shall be subject to the approval of the Superintendent prior to commencement of the Works.
- c. Formwork Curing by maintaining the formwork in position for the required curing period. The concrete shall be maintained at a temperature above 5 degrees Centigrade.

Formwork Curing

404C.06.09 CONCRETE IN HOT WEATHER

- Placement of concrete will be permitted when the ambient shade temperature does not exceed 38°C and is falling or when it is less than 38°C and rising provided that the placement can be completed before the ambient temperature exceeds 38°C. At no stage during placement shall the concrete mix temperature exceed 32°C.
- 2. To keep the maximum temperature of the concrete below 32°C, it may be necessary to shield the aggregate stockpiles. It may also be necessary to chill the mixing water and/or schedule concrete placement at night.
- 3. In hot dry weather and/or when the ambient temperature is greater than 32°C, suitable means shall be provided to avoid premature stiffening of concrete placed in contact with hot dry surfaces. When necessary, the surfaces including reinforcement and formwork against which concrete is to be placed shall be shielded from the direct rays of the sun and shall be sprayed with water to prevent excessive absorption by the surfaces of water from the fresh concrete.

404C.06.10 STRENGTH REQUIREMENTS

1. Concrete shall be deemed to conform to the compressive strength requirements of this Annexure when the average strength of all specimens representing a batch is above the minimum strength and no individual specimen has strength less than 95% of the minimum strength.

404C.07 REINFORCEMENT AND COVER

- 1. Reinforcement for the pre-cast units shall be fabricated and fixed in accordance with the requirements of this Clause, Section 19 of AS 3600 and Table 404.C62 of this Annexure. Where there is any conflict the requirements of this Clause shall apply.
- 2. Reinforcement in the areas of the haunches shall be well anchored to resist stresses which occur during manufacture, handling, transporting and installation of the pre-cast units.
- 3. The minimum clear cover to the reinforcement for culvert units 1500mm span and larger with up to 4.5m of fill shall be as specified on Drawing Number 0530-1470.
- 4. The minimum clear cover to the reinforcement for culvert units 1200mm span and smaller with up to 4.5 metres of fill shall be in accordance to AS1597.1

- Reinforcement shall be hard drawn steel wire or Grade 500N hot rolled deformed steel bars conforming to AS/NZS 4671. The minimum amount of main reinforcement shall be not less than 0.5% of the cross-sectional area of the walls or deck.
- 6. Where spacers or bar chairs are used to support reinforcement they shall be made of either plastic, concrete or stainless steel. No mild steel spacers shall be used.
- 7. For Culvert Units of 1500mm span and larger with fill depths up to 4.5 metres the following additional requirements shall apply:
 - a. The Contractor shall detail the reinforcement to satisfy the requirements of this Annexure and Drawing Number 0530-1470.
 - b. The Contractor will be required to provide reinforcement to each face of the pre-cast section. The minimum quantity of main reinforcement required at each face is given on the Drawings. The spacing between main reinforcing bars shall not exceed 200mm.
 - c. Transverse distribution reinforcement is required to each face and shall not be less than 15 per cent of the main reinforcement taken over the same length. The spacing of the distribution reinforcement shall not exceed 300mm and the diameter of the bars shall not be smaller than 8mm.
 - d. Reinforcement in the top of the link slabs in both directions shall in no case be less than that specified for transverse distribution reinforcement in the bottom of the unit and shall in addition be adequate to resist stresses which occur during manufacture and handling and transporting.
 - e. Spot welding of the reinforcement for the sole purpose of cage fabrication will be allowed. The electrodes must be of the low hydrogen type.
 - f. Where spacers or bar chairs are used to support reinforcement, they 8. shall not be placed in zones of high stress in the corners and mid span regions.

TABLE 404.C2 HOOK AND COG ALLOWANCES FOR BENT BARS AND FITMENTS

Bar Diameter, db (mm)	6	7.5	8	9	10	12	16	20	24
Length Allowance (mm) (assumed pin diameter 5 db)	120	125	130	135	140	160	180	220	260



404C.08 CASTING METHODS

- 1. The methods of manufacture shall be so designed to ensure that tolerances comply with AS 1597. The units shall be free from honeycombing and cracks and spalling. The ends of the units shall be free from any grout loss.
- 2. Moulds shall be designed to permit stripping without causing damage to the pre-cast units.
- 3. Pre-cast units shall not be removed from the casting mould until the concrete has attained compressive strength of not less than 15 MPa.
- 4. Each pre-cast unit shall be suitably marked with a number and a date of casting and size dimensions. The concrete test specimens shall be marked with the date sampled and the batch they represent.

404C.09 HANDLING OF PRE-CAST UNITS

404C.09.01 LIFTING SYSTEM

- 1. The lifting system for the pre-cast units shall be of the 'Swift-lift' type as marketed by Alan H Reid Pty Ltd, or Ramset 'Pin Head Anchors', or similar approved.
- 2. The number and size and location of the anchors to be cast into each precast unit shall be as specified by the manufacturer of the lifting system.
- 3. The Supplier shall provide a set of lifting slings with each truck load of units despatched from his Works for unloading the units at the specified delivery site. The lifting slings will remain the property of the Supplier and return with the delivery truck. Cranage for lifting the units at the site will be provided by the Supplier.

404C.09.02 HANDLING AND LOADING

1. The pre-cast units shall be handled and loaded in such a manner so as not to cause damage to the units.

404C.10 DELIVERY AND STORAGE

- 1. Completed pre-cast units shall not be transferred from the place of manufacture until:
 - a. For Culvert Units up to 1200mm span a minimum concrete strength of 50 MPa has been achieved.
 - b. For Culvert Units 1500mm span or larger the 28 day minimum compressive strength of concrete has been achieved in accordance with Clause 404C.06.01 'Mix Design'. If an additional storage period has been specified then the units shall be stored at the Manufacturer's works for the nominated period and then delivered to site.
- 2. The Contractor shall be responsible for the supply and delivery of units to site and the condition of the pre-cast units following delivery shall be in accordance with the requirements of this Annexure.

INSPECTION AND TESTING

404C.11 MINIMUM TESTING FREQUENCY

1. Testing Procedures and Minimum Testing Frequencies shall be in accordance with Table 404C3.

TABLE 404C3 – MINIMUM TESTING FREQUENCY

Process	Quality Verification Requirement	Minimum Testing Frequency		
Structural Concrete	Consistency (Slump Test) (AS 1012.3)	1 per 20m ³ or part thereof (1 test if less than 20m ³) Where concrete batch plant facilities are used outside the Metropolitan area, a slump tests shall be carried out on each truck delivering concrete to site.		
	Strength	1 per 20m ³ or part thereof (1 test if less than 20m ³)		
Fine Aggregate	As per AS 2758.1			
	Water Absorption	6 monthly		
	Clay and fine silt (settlement method)	2 monthly		
	Organic Impurities other than sugar	2 monthly		
	Particles size distribution	Monthly		
Coarse Aggregate	As per AS 2758.1			
	Water Absorption	6 monthly		
	Particle size distribution	Weekly		
	Reactive Alkali (Part 2 of Report No. TR3 by the Cement & Concrete Association of New Zealand	1 per source material per Contract		
Water	MRWA Test Method WA 910.1	Monthly		
Pre-cast Reinforced Concrete Boxes	Cover to Reinforcement - as per AS 1597 and Clause 404C.07	In accordance with AS 1597		
	Inspection for Defects - as per AS 1597 and Clause 404C 12	Visual inspection all units		
	Absorption Testing – methodology as per AS/NZS 4058, applied to RCBs	In accordance with AS/NZS 4058 Appendix A, paragraph A3.4		
	Dimensional Accuracy as per AS 1597	In accordance with AS 1597		

404C.12 DEFECTS

- 1. Defects in culvert units, links and base slabs shall be classified by type as identified in AS 1597.
- 2. The following defects shall be deemed acceptable subject to the Acceptability of defects shown below:

Defect	Acceptability
Туре 1	Acceptable*
Туре 4	Acceptable after repair

* For culvert spans 1500mm and greater the acceptable crack width shall be no greater than 0.1mm

- 3. No other defect types will be accepted.
- 4. Chipped sections shall be repaired to the equivalent of the original condition using an epoxy mortar approved by the Superintendent.
- 5. Surface cracks shall be measured using a feeler gauge.

404C.13 NON-CONFORMANCE

- 1. Culverts and link slabs shall be deemed non-conforming if they do not meet the requirements of this Annexure and shall be rejected and replaced at no cost to the Principal.
- 404C.14 LOAD TESTING FOR CULVERT UNITS OF 1200MM SPAN AND SMALLER
- 1. All culvert units and link slabs of span 1200mm or smaller supplied under this contract shall be subject to proof-load testing in accordance with AS 1597.1, except for the following:
 - a. the proof load for 1200mm span culverts or link slabs shall be 130kN;
 - b. the proof load for culverts or link slabs having span less than 1200mm shall be 100kN;
 - c. the size of the cracks shall be measured with an optical device or a feeler gauge.
- All culverts and link slabs that fail the proof load test shall be deemed nonconforming. If a further culvert or link slab from a batch also fails the proof load test, then all pre-cast units from that batch shall be deemed to be nonconforming.

COMBINED AGGREGATE GRADING ENVELOPE



For Culvert Units Up To 1200mm Span, with up to 4.5m fill

ANNEXURE 404C: Figure 404C-1





ANNEXURE 404C: Figure 404C-2

ANNEXURE 404D

ATIC

CEMENTITIOUS MATERIALS FOR CONCRETE

REQUEST FOR REGISTRATION BY MANUFACTURER

Cement or Blend Details				
Product Name				
Туре				
Proportions				
Manufacturer				
Place of Manufacture				
Source of Constituent Mat	terials			
Cement Clinker				
Fly Ash				
Slag				
Limestone				
Gypsum				
Grinding Aids				
Supply Details				
Dispatching Supplier				
Contact Name				
Contact Phone No.				
Contact Address				
Suppliers ABN				

Send this form with the sample to:

RTA Chemical and Materials Laboratory

Att: Laboratory Officer

Unit H, 75 St. Hilliers Rd, Auburn NSW 2144

For RTA Laboratory Use Only:

Date of Registration:

Registration No:

GUIDANCE NOTES

FOR REFERENCE ONLY – DELETE GUIDANCE NOTES FROM FINAL DOCUMENT

- 1. All edits to downloaded Specifications shall be made using *Track Changes*, to clearly show added/deleted text.
- 2. If all information relating to a clause is deleted, the clause number should be retained and the words "NOT USED" should be inserted.
- 3. The proposed documents with tracked changes shall be submitted to the Project Manager for review, prior to printing the final batch of documents. When this final printing is carried out, the tracked changes option is to be turned off.
- 4. Before printing accept all changes in the document, turn off Track Changes and refresh the Table of Contents.
- 5. The Custodian of this specification is <u>Senior Road Engineer</u>.

1. NON-HELICAL CORRUGATED STEEL PIPE (Clause 404.81)

1.1 Clause 404.81 shall be included under Contract Specific Requirements where non-helical corrugated steel pipe is to be used on a project.

2. PRECAST CONCRETE END TREATMENTS (Clause 404.82)

2.1 Clause 404.82 shall be included under Contract Specific Requirements where precast concrete end treatments are to be permitted on a project. The Project Manager should be aware that pre-cast concrete end treatments generally do not meet the geometric requirements shown on the Drawings. Advice should be sought from MRWA's Structures Engineering Branch where, apron lengths, headwall heights, or wall thicknesses fall outside the dimensions shown on the Drawings.

3. CULWAYS (Clause 404.83)

3.1 Clause 404.83 shall be included under Contract Specific Requirements where Culways are to be installed.

4. STOCK AND FAUNA UNDERPASSES (Clause 404.84)

4.1 Clause 404.84 shall be included under Contract Specific Requirements where stock or fauna underpasses are to be installed.

5. GROUND CONDITIONS (Annexure 404A)

5.1 The ground conditions shall be classified as 'AGGRESSIVE' or' NON-AGGRESSIVE' to allow the correct culvert units to be supplied. Item 1 of Clause 404A1 should be completed accordingly (Note that with the exception of Corrugated Aluminium Pipes the default ground condition is set as Aggressive). Aggressive ground conditions include environments where:

- a. for reinforced concrete pipes the interior surface of the pipeline is subject to tidal flow, openly exposed to direct wave action or wind driven salt-spray, or where the concentration limits applicable to some environmental constituents, detailed in AS/NZS 4058 Appendix E have been exceeded; or
- b. for reinforced concrete boxes the exposure classification is defined as B2, C or U in accordance with AS 5100.5 Table 4.3; or
- c. for corrugated steel pipe as detailed in AS/NZS 2041 Appendix C.

Where the chemical composition of the soil is unknown then guidance should be sought from MRWA's Structures Engineering Branch. Where any doubt exists the default condition shall be set as 'Aggressive'.

- 5.2 On larger projects where it may be uneconomical to classify soil conditions along the entire length as 'Aggressive' then Clause 404A1 Item 1 should be amended as per the following example:
 - a. The in-situ ground conditions with respect to the manufacture and installation of culverts shall be taken as 'Non-aggressive' except for the following locations, which shall be taken as 'Aggressive'.

Chainage	Culvert Type and Material	Ground Conditions		
12290-13000	RCP	AGGRESSIVE		
13005-14130	CSP	NON-AGGRESSIVE		

Table 404A1 - Locations of 'Agg	ressive' Ground Conditions
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Additionally the above Table information should be provided on the Culvert Schedule under the column titled 'Ground Conditions'. This will assist in the management of the assets in the future. Note, it is intended to only include this information in one location and that should be in the Culvert Schedule. The existing Annexure Item 1 would therefore become:

- b. For details on ground conditions refer to Culvert Schedule.
- 5.3 Where culverts are to be used in 'Aggressive' ground conditions then direction on additional requirements should be inserted into Annexure 404A Table 404A2 (under 'Requirements' column) as follows:
 - a. for reinforced concrete pipes default requirements has been inserted and is applicable only where the environment can be defined as 'marine' in accordance with AS/NZS 4058. Where the pipeline is openly exposed to wind driven salt-spray, or direct wave action, or where the environmental constituent limits as defined in AS/NZS 4058 Appendix E have been exceeded, then direction on minimum cover should be sought from the Concrete Pipe Association of Australia and inserted into Annexure 404A, Table 404A2 as applicable.
 - b. for reinforced concrete boxes- the Project Manager has two options:
 - i. Where the preferred method of protection is by concrete admixtures, add the following item to the Table;

'Culvert units shall contain an approved Hydrophobic Pore-blocking Ingredient (HPI) system in accordance with Clause 404C.05.05'.

Alternative products to those listed in Clause 404C.05.05 shall not be used. Manufacturers of alternative products shall make a submission to MRWA's Structures Engineering Branch for acceptance and inclusion within the clause.

- ii. The Project Manager may choose to substitute reinforced concrete pipes or large span RCB units in place of small span RCB units. Where substituting with pipes the Project Manager should seek confirmation from the Designer that the pipe(s) have as a minimum the same hydraulic capacity as the box unit(s) they are replacing. Where any substitution is proposed there are no additional special requirements for Annexure 404A Table 404A2.
- c. for corrugated steel pipes the Project Manager has two options:
 - i. Where the preferred method of protection is by means of a surface protection, details of the particular protection (i.e. brand name) should be added. Surface protection treatments shall be approved by MRWA's Structures Engineering Branch prior to its use.
 - ii. Where the preferred method of protection is by increasing the base metal thickness, then add the following Clause:
 'All corrugated steel pipes shall have the base metal thickness increased to (.....) mm'. (Insert base metal thickness here)

6. JOINT TYPE FOR RCPs (Annexure 404A, Item 2)

6.1 Select the required joint type for RCPs.

7. ANNEXURE 404C

8. BOX CULVERTS FOR STORMWATER DRAINS (Clause 404.85)

8.1 Clause 404.85 shall be included under Contract Specific Requirements where Reinforced Concrete Boxes (RCBs) are intended to be used for connecting stormwater drainage pits.

9. REINFORCEMENT DETAILS FOR BOX CULVERTS

- 9.1 Where box culverts are to be used then the following relevant Drawings must be included within the Contract documents:
 - a. Where large culverts (Span \geq 1500mm) are used include Drawing No. 0530-1470.

10. IN-SITU CONCRETE CLASS FOR END TREATMENTS (Annexure 404A and Clause 404.86)

10.1 Where the Contract does not include any bridgeworks or there are not high numbers of culverts 1500mm or greater then the requirement to use concrete class 'S50 to SPECIFICATION 820 CONCRETE FOR STRUCTURES' for base slabs and end treatments of large pipes and box culverts may be relaxed. In this case Table 404A3 of Annexure 404A should be amended as follows:

	Culvert Type	Culvert Span / Diameter	Concrete Class	
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RCB's and RCP's	All sizes	N40
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TABLE 404A3 – In-situ Concrete Strength for Base Slabs and End Treatments

10.2 Additionally, Clause 404.86 should be added to Contract Specific Requirements, which has the added benefit that the bulk of culvert contract documents may be reduced by not having to unnecessarily include SPECIFICATIONS 819 and 821.

11. PLASTIC FLEXIBLE CULVERTS (Clause 404.87)

- 11.1 Flexible pipes may be considered in remote locations where the cost of transport becomes prohibitive, due to their light weight, or where conditions are aggressive, due to their inert nature to most naturally occurring chemicals.
- 11.2 Clause 404.87 should be added under Contract Specific Requirements where, the use of plastic flexible culverts, are permitted on a project.
- 11.3 Note that Section 2.0 'Minimum Testing Frequency' within SPECIFICATION 201 Quality Systems, will need to have the product/process 'Corrugated Metal Pipe' (under subsection 2.3 'Drainage') amended to read "'Plastic Flexible Pipe'.
- 11.4 Unless otherwise recommended by the manufacturer, where plastic flexible culverts are to be used in ground conditions that would ordinarily be classified as 'Aggressive' for concrete culverts, Clause 404A1 (Annexure A) should be amended to "NOT USED". This is because the materials used in plastic flexible culverts are typically inert in such conditions.
- 11.5 Where in-situ concrete is proposed:
 - a. N40 in-situ concrete used for pipe diameter with < 1500mm.
 - b. N50 in-situ concrete used for pipe diameter with \geq 1500mm
- 11.6 Alternative products to those listed in Clause 404.87.03 **shall not** be used. Manufacturers of alternative products shall make a submission to MRWA's Structures Engineering Branch for acceptance and inclusion within the clause.

12. SUPPLY & DELIVERY OF RCPs (Annexure 404B and Clauses 404.88 and 404.89)

12.1 SUPPLY

Where the contract is for Supply & Delivery of Reinforced Concrete Pipes, Clause 404.88 should be added and Clause 404B.09 should be added to the end of Annexure 404B.

12.2 QUALITY SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

Where Supply Contracts for RCPs incorporate Quality System requirements, Clause 404.89 should also be added and Clause 404B.10 should be added to the end of Annexure 404B.

13. SUPPLY & DELIVERY OF RCBs (Annexure 404C, and Clauses 404.90 and 404.91)

13.1 SUPPLY

Where the contract is for Supply & Delivery of Reinforced Concrete Boxes, Clause 404.90 should be added and Clause 404C.15 should be added to the end of Annexure 404C.

13.2 QUALITY SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

Where, the Supply Contracts for RCB's incorporate Quality System requirements, Clause 404.91 should also be added and Clause 404C.16 should be added to the end of Annexure 404C.

14. DEWATERING (Clause 404.32.4)

14.1 Where the requirement for dewatering exists then Clause 204.94 in SPECIFICATION 204

 – ENVIRONMENT (SPECIFICATION 204 Guidance Notes) shall be added to the Contract Specific Requirements of that document.

15. LOW STRENGTH INFILL (Clause 404.41.02 and Clause 404.92)

15.1 In certain situations such as road widening, redundant existing drainage located under the verge may ultimately become located under the roadway. If this occurs then Clause 404.92 shall be added to the Contract Specific Requirements of that document.

16. CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC OVER CULVERTS (Clause 404.39)

- 16.1 The Superintendent may chose to allow construction traffic with greater than the legal wheel or axle loading to pass over culverts. Prior to approval the Contractor should provide suitable evidence stating that damage to the culvert unit(s) shall not occur, either in the form of:
 - a. the culvert manufacturer's approval; or
 - b. the outputs from the Concrete Pipe Association of Australia's 'Pipe Class' software,

17. SCHEDULE OF EXISTING CULVERTS THAT MAY CONTAIN ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIAL (ACM) in SPECIFICATION 203 OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH

- 17.1 In the schedule in SPECIFICATION 203 OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH include culverts that are being removed or substantially disturbed where the culvert is manufactured from a concrete (or similar) product (i.e. excluding circular steel pipes) and:
 - a. there is reasonable grounds to believe that they were constructed in 2003 or earlier (refer to IRIS and/or As Constructed Drawings for further information); and
 - b. testing of the culvert for ACM has not been conducted or testing has confirmed the presence of ACM.
- 17.2 For circular culverts, include diameters
- 17.3 For box culverts, include horizontal and vertical sizes.
- 17.4 In comments column, minimum detail should state whether testing for ACM has been conducted and if it has been conducted, confirm the presence of ACM, along with reference to further information.

CONTRACT SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS

The following clauses are to be placed under the CONTRACT SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS, as required. After inserting the clause, change the clause number and heading to style "H2 SP" so it appears in the Table of Contents.

404.81 NON-HELICAL CORRUGATED STEEL PIPE

- 1. Non-helical corrugated steel barrels shall either be a nestable or multi-plate bolted type.
- 2. Non-helical galvanised steel barrels shall conform to AS/NZS 2041.
- 3. Corrugation size for non-helical corrugated steel pipe shall be in **Corru** accordance with Table 1.1 of AS/NZS 2041.
- 4. The Contractor shall ensure that the equipment used during compaction of backfill does not damage the culvert. Limitations on the type of compaction equipment, and cover to be provided to the top of the culvert shall be determined in accordance with AS/NZS 2041 for non-helical corrugated steel pipes.
- 5. Installation of non-helical corrugated steel pipes shall comply with the requirements of this SPECIFICATION, the Drawings and AS/NZS 2041.

404.82 PRE-CAST CONCRETE END TREATMENTS

- 1. Where specified in the Culvert Schedule, the Contractor shall use pre-cast concrete end treatments. The pre-cast concrete end treatments shall comply with the following minimum requirements:
 - a. The end treatments shall be placed on a concrete bed consisting of Class N40 concrete, not less than 50mm thick and be restrained against movement, including overturning.
 - b. Where not incorporated into the pre-cast unit, the concrete bed shall be constructed with a 150mm wide by 450mm deep cut off wall unless otherwise specified in the Culvert Schedule.

404.83 CULWAYS

 Backfill requirements for Culways shall consist of cement stabilised backfill as specified in Clause 404.10 – Cement Stabilised Backfill to the level of the top of box culvert. Where the cover to subgrade surface is less than 600mm then the backfill material over the culverts shall be basecourse quality. Where the cover to the subgrade surface is greater than 600mm then the upper 600mm layer of backfill material shall be basecourse quality and the remaining lower layer shall be sub base quality material to the required thickness. Basecourse and sub base quality material shall be in accordance with SPECIFICATION 501 PAVEMENTS. Backfill over Culways shall be compacted in accordance with this Specification. Corrugations

Compaction Equipment

404.84 STOCK AND FAUNA UNDERPASSES

1. Where reinforced concrete box culverts are to be used as underpasses for stock or native fauna then the approaches to both ends of the culvert shall consist of a 300mm thick layer of embankment quality material to the dimensions and grades as shown on the Drawings.

404.85 BOX CULVERTS FOR STORMWATER DRAINS

- 1. The requirements of this Specification applicable to Reinforced Concrete Boxes (RCB's) used as culverts also apply to RCBs installed to carry stormwater from drainage pits.
- 2. Stormwater drains consist of reinforced concrete pipes or reinforced concrete boxes connecting drainage structures such as inlets, manholes and catchpits as shown on the Drawings.

404.86 IN-SITU CONCRETE CLASS FOR END TREATMENTS

1. All formwork used to form and support the concrete shall conform to the requirements of AS 3610.

404.87 PLASTIC FLEXIBLE CULVERTS

404.87.01 GENERAL

1. The work to be executed under this SPECIFICATION consists of the supply and installation of plastic flexible pipes for use on Main Roads projects culverts only in accordance with AS/NZS 2566.2.

Scope

404.87.02 DEFINITIONS

1. Culverts shall also include fittings as recommended by the manufacturer.

404.87.03 PLASTIC FLEXIBLE PIPES AND FITTINGS

- 1. Plastic flexible pipes and fittings for use on Main Roads projects culverts are limited to Polyethylene (PE) only.
- 2. Polyethylene (PE) plastic flexible pipes and fittings shall be manufactured, tested and inspected in accordance with AS/NZS 4130 and AS/NZS 5065.
- The structural design procedure shall be in accordance with AS/NZS 2566.1 and the Austroads Research Report AP-R575-18 Design of Buried Flexible Pipes.

404.87.04 JOINT SEALANTS AND JOINT TYPES

1. Joint sealants used for coupling of pipe segments shall be in accordance with AS/NZS 2566.2 Appendix F – 'Methods of Jointing'.

404.87.05 TRENCH EXCAVATION

1. Except for culvert extensions, no culvert shall be laid until the embankment Embankment at the point of laying has been brought to a level 600 mm above all points Height along the top of the culvert conduit, or to the subgrade level, whichever is the lesser, and compacted. Measurement shall be taken from the top of collar or in the case of flexible pipes with ribs from the top of the rib.

404.87.06 DAMAGE

- 1. Plastic reinforced pipes shall be handled and installed in such a manner so as to prevent damage to the pipes. Damage shall be assessed in accordance with the Acceptance Criteria detailed in AS 2566.2. Where approved by the Superintendent, damaged units shall be repaired in accordance with manufacturer's requirements. Where damaged units are unable to be repaired then they shall be replaced at no cost to the Principal.
- 2. Where approved by the Superintendent, minor damage to culverts may be Minor Repair repaired in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

404.87.07 COMPACTION

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure that the equipment used during the compaction of backfill does not damage the culvert. Limitations on the type of compaction equipment, and cover to be provided to the top of the culvert shall be determined in accordance with Clause 5.5.2 "Protection of Pipeline" AS/NZS 2566.2 and satisfy the manufacturer's published requirements.
- 2. Appropriate precautions, such as the use of holding down straps shall be Plastic Culvert taken to ensure that plastic pipe culverts barrels do not 'float' during the backfilling process, particularly during vibration of the backfill Precautions

PIPE SHAPE POST INSTALLATION 404.87.08

1. Variations allowed in the internal diameter of installed culverts shall be in accordance with AS/NZS 2566.2. Testing frequency shall be in accordance with SPECIFICATION 201 QUALITY SYSTEMS.

404.87.09 HANDLING

1. Plastic flexible pipes shall be loaded, carted, unloaded and stored in accordance with AS/NZS 2566.2 Section 2 - 'Transportation, Handling and Storage.' Damaged pipes shall be assessed and repaired or replaced in accordance with AS/NZS 2566.2 Section 3 - 'Pipeline Components Acceptance Criteria' and the manufacturer's requirements at no cost to the Principal.

404.88 SUPPLY AND DELIVERY OF RCPs - DELIVERY

1. Insert the following clauses at the end of Annexure 404B, and delete highlighted text:

Damaged

'Float'

Plastic Units

404B.09 DELIVERY

1. Batches of pipes for delivery which comply with AS/NZS 4058 manufacturing and testing requirements and the Technical Specification shall be acceptable for delivery.

404B.09.01 SUPPLY ONLY CONTRACTS

- The Principal will give the Contractor two weeks notice of when pipes for non-aggressive environments will be required for delivery. The Principal will give the Contractor six weeks notice of when pipes for aggressive environments or for extra strength load classes (i.e. Load Class 6 and higher) will be required for delivery. Completion of any order will depend on the size of pipe and the number required and shall be agreed with the Principal when the order is placed.
- 2. The Principal will be responsible for delivering the pipes to site. The Contractor shall be responsible for loading the precast pipes onto the truck supplied by the Principal.

404B.09.02 SUPPLY AND DELIVERY CONTRACTS

- 1. The Contractor shall supply and deliver to site, and offload the pipes at the site when delivery is included in the Price Schedule.
- 2. The Principal will provide the Contractor with a minimum of two weeks notice prior to the required delivery date.

404.89 SUPPLY AND DELIVERY OF RCPs – QUALITY

1. Insert the following clauses at the end of Annexure 404B, and delete highlighted text:

404B.10 QUALITY SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

404B.10.01 QUALITY SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS FOR CRITICAL SUBCONTRACTS

- The subcontracts listed below shall require the subcontractor to have a Certified Quality System in accordance with SPECIFICATION 201 QUALITY SYSTEMS.
 - a. Cement
 - b. Aggregate
 - c. Reinforcement
 - d. RCP Rubber Joint Rings

404B.10.02 TRACEABILITY

- 1. Traceability shall apply to the following processes:
 - a. Concrete the trace shall start at the batching plant at the start of manufacture.

b. Precast concrete drainage pipes – batches shall have a unique identification.

404B.10.03 PROCESS CONTROL AND SPECIAL PROCESSES

- 1. A copy of the following process descriptions or procedures shall be submitted to the Superintendent at least one week prior to commencing each work process.
 - a. Reinforcement measures that ensure strict adherence to the requirements for cover to reinforcement in accordance with Clause 5 of the Specification for the Supply of RCPs (Annexure 404B).
 - b. Concrete Manufacture manufacturing procedures that ensure the production of a uniform quality concrete with minimum variation in workability and strength. Testing of the moisture content of the aggregate as dictated by weather and variations in the material supplied will be necessary to achieve this.
 - c. Concrete Transport, Placing and Curing procedures for handling, placing and compaction of concrete that ensure the production of a sound and durable product.

404.90 SUPPLY AND DELIVERY OF RCB - DELIVERY

1. Insert the following clauses at the end of Annexure 404C, and delete highlighted text:

404C.15 DELIVERY

1. Batches of RCBs for delivery which comply with AS 1597 manufacturing and testing requirements and the Specification shall be acceptable for delivery.

404C.15.01 SUPPLY ONLY CONTRACTS

- 1. The Principal will give the Contractor two weeks notice of when RCBs will be required for delivery. Completion of any order will depend on the size of RCB and the number required and shall be agreed with the Principal when the order is placed.
- 2. The Principal will be responsible for delivering the RCBs to site. The Contractor shall be responsible for loading the precast RCBs onto the truck supplied by the Principal.

404C.15.02 SUPPLY AND DELIVERY CONTRACTS

- 1. The Contractor shall supply and deliver to site, and offload the RCB's at the site when delivery is included in the Price Schedule.
- 2. The Principal will provide the Contractor with a minimum of two weeks notice prior to the required delivery date.

404.91 SUPPLY AND DELIVERY OF RCB – QUALITY

1. Insert the following clauses at the end of Annexure 404C, and delete highlighted text:

404C.16 QUALITY SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

404C.16.01 QUALITY SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS FOR CRITICAL SUBCONTRACTS

- The subcontracts listed below shall require the subcontractor to have a Certified Quality System in accordance with SPECIFICATION 201 QUALITY SYSTEMS.
 - a. Cement
 - b. Aggregate
 - c. Reinforcement

404C.16.02 TRACEABILITY

- 1. Traceability shall apply to the following processes:
 - a. Concrete the trace shall start at the batching plant at the start of manufacture.
 - b. Precast concrete box culverts batches shall have a unique identification.

404C.16.03 PROCESS CONTROL AND SPECIAL PROCESSES

- 1. A copy of the following process descriptions or procedures shall be submitted to the Superintendent at least one week prior to commencing each work process.
 - Reinforcement measures that ensure strict adherence to the requirements for cover to reinforcement in accordance with Clause 404C.07 of the Specification for the Supply of RCBs (Annexure 404C).
 - b. Concrete Manufacture manufacturing procedures that ensure the production of a uniform quality concrete with minimum variation in workability and strength. Testing of the moisture content of the aggregate as dictated by weather and variations in the material supplied will be necessary to achieve this.
 - c. Concrete Transport, Placing and Curing procedures for handling, placing and compaction of concrete that ensure the production of a sound and durable product.

404.92 REDUNDANT CULVERTS

 Where indicated on the Drawings, any redundant culvert and associated drainage structure which are to be retained in its existing location shall be entirely filled in in-situ, in accordance with SPECIFICATION 410 LOW STRENGTH INFILL. The open ends of any remaining pipe runs and apertures left in drainage structures shall be permanently sealed off to exclude water, sand or other material.

AMENDMENT CHECKLIST

Specification No. 404	Title: CULVERTS	Revision No:
Project Manager:	Signature:	Date:
Checked by:	Signature:	Date:
Contract No:	Contract Description:	

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	SIGN OFF			
Note: All changes/amendments must be shown in Tracked Changes mode until approved.					
2.	Project Manager has reviewed Specification and identified Additions and Amendments.				
3.	CONTRACT SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS addressed? Contract specific materials, products, clauses added? (Refer Specification Guidance Notes for guidance).				
4.	Any unlisted materials/products proposed and approved by the Project Manager? If "Yes" provide details at 16.				
5.	Standard clauses amended? MUST SEEK approval from Manager Contracts				
6.	Clause deletes shows as "NOT USED".				
7.	Appropriate INSPECTION AND TESTING parameters included in Spec 201 (Text Methods, Minimum Testing Frequencies verified).				
8.	ANNEXURES completed (refer Specification Guidance Notes).				
9.	HANDOVER and AS BUILT requirements addressed.				
10.	Main Roads QS has approved changes to SMM .				
11.	Project Manager certifies completed Specification reflects intent of the design.				
12.	Completed Specification – independent verification arranged by Project Manager.				
13.	Project Manager's review completed.				
14.	SPECIFICATION GUIDANCE NOTES deleted.				
15.	TABLE OF CONTENTS updated.				
16.	FOOTER updated with Document No., Contract No. and Contract Name.				
17.	Supporting information prepared and submitted to Project Manager.				
Further action necessary:					

Signed:

(Project Manager) Date: